Lekhanya still in charge of Lesotho

MASERU (R) — Lessthe's military ruler Major-General Justin Metalog Lekhunya appeared to be in full control of this avail southern African nation on Monday night after a day of upheaval and confusion.
Information Minister Vincent Malebo told a news conference Lekhanya would amounce some government changes soon, but gave no details. On Monday morning the offices of the ruling six-member military council, hended by Lekhanya, were ringed by heavily armed troops and armoured vehicles for about an hour. Civilian employees were ordered to go home. Some witnesses said they saw troops detain three members of the council but Malebo said he could neither continu nor deny this. The troops later withdrew and the government buildings remained closed, with the situation on the streets of Maseru calm and normal, residents said. There has been widespread speculation about a rift between Lekhanya and two younger members of the council, brothers Colonel Thanke Letzie and Colonel Sekhobe Letzle. The reports from the witnesses said the Letzle brothers and a third member of the council, Colonel Aloysius Mosocomyane, were taken out of the government building with their hands above their heads.

AMMAN TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1990, RAJAB 25, 1410

التبياسية تمطق والانجليزية عن المؤسسة المسطية الاردنية والرايء

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

**Palestinians** 

settlement

in W. Bank

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(agencies) — Palestinians of the

Israeli-occupied West Bank and

Gaza Strip shunned work and

schools Monday to protest at the

settlement of Soviet Jewish im-

Palestinians say hundreds of

Soviet Jews, the vanguard of an

exodus expected to top half-a-

million within a few years, are

moving to Jewish settlements in

the occupied territories, many

The clandestine pro-PLO Uni-

fied Leadership of the Uprising

had called the strike in a strongly

worded communique against

sending Soviet immigrants to the

"We call for a general strike...

to demonstrate our people's re-

solve to cling to their land and in

protest at Soviet Jewish immigra-

tion to the state of Palestine," it

Arab residents of Hebron in

the West Bank said Israeli army

jeeps with protected windows

were the only vehicles on the

streets. Nationalists had spray-

painted graffiti along main streets

Ramallah stores were closed

except for some pharmacies and

bakeries. Workers stayed home.

dependent state say an Israeli

withdrawal from the territories

will be complicated by settlement

of Soviet Jews. They say the

government is trying to change

the demographic balance of the

Israel denies having a policy to

settle Soviet Jews in the occupied

territories but Palestinians say

hundreds have moved to West

They say many more are being

settled around Arab Jerusalem,

occupied by Israel in the 1967

Middle East war and unilaterally

Bank Jewish settlements.

annexed

Palestinians fighting for an in-

denouncing the immigration.

West Bank and Gaza.

attracted by cheap housing.

migrants on Arab Land.

protest

**Jewish** 

#### Gonzalez majority in balance

MADRID (R) — A high court annulled Monday the results of an election in a Spanish consti-tuency on the Moroccan coast, endangering Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez's slender majority in parliament. Gonzalez's Socialist Workers Party (PSOE) won a 176-174 majority in parliament's Lower House last October, but Spain's constitutional court has since had to rule on alleged-irregularities in the post. In its ruling on Monday the court ordered the election to be repeated in Mclilla, an enclave on the northern Moroccan coast, whose only sext in parliament's lower house was originally attributed to

### Mongolian opposition seeks elections

ULAN BATOR (R) — A newly formed Mongolian opposition party said Monday it had asked for multi-party elections in the next few months and planned to run against the ruling Communist Party. Gongorjawin Boshigt, a leader of the new Mongolian Democratic Party (MDP), said the group had asked the government to allow the country's first multi-party nationwide elections in the first half of this year but had not yet received a reply "The new party is going to run in elections against people of the existing government," he told a news conference.

### Former Greek minister held

ATHENS (R) — A Greek magistrate ordered former socialist Alternate Economy Minister Nikos Athanasopoulos to be detained Monday pericing that on charges of commonon, a court spokesman said. Athanasopoulos is the first member of the former Socialist government to be ordered detained pending trial. Six ministers, including former Prime Minister Andreas Panandreon, have been ordered by parliament to stand trial on charges stemming from scandals that took place during Socialist rule from 1981 to 1989.

### Former Swiss minister on trial

LAUSANNE (AP) - Former Justice Minister Elisabeth Kopp. who had been Switzerland's only woman cabinet minister, went on trial Monday on charges she illegally tipped her husband about a drug money probe. In the first criminal case against a government minister in Swiss history. Kopp is accused of breaking official secrets laws in the case. Also charged are her former personal assistant and another ministry aide. Kopp, 53, has denied any illegal actions.

#### Former Hungarian minister asked to quit luxury home

BUDAPEST (R) — A former deputy prime minister accused of providing massage rooms and other pleasures for top officials at red in court las state expense was ordered by the ole day's word! government on Monday to quit ery, the fire of his luxury Budapest home. y Bond, stated General Lajos Czinege, 65, who retired from the army last November after allegations against him appeared in a book by a fellow officer, was told be must move into an apartment less than one sixth the size of his present official quarters, Hungary's state news agency MII

### **Abducted Sri Lankan** journalist found

COLOMBO (R) — The body of a Sri Lankan journalist abducted Sunday has been found in a beach outside Colombo. Police said on Monday the body of Richard de Zoysa, the editor of Europe and Colombo correspondent of the Rome-based Interpress Service (IPS), was found at Moratuwa, 16 kilometres south of Colombo. "He had been shot in the neck and head" and thrown into the sea, a police spokesman said. De Zoysa, a Sri Lankan, was grabbed from his home in a Colombo suburb early Sunday by six gunmen dressed in police and army uniforms. Family members said they suspected the gummen were members of the security forces.

# Sheikh Jaber urges Arabs to

### review ties with superpowers King lauds Kuwaiti bid

to achieve unified stand AMMAN (Agencies) - His Majesty King Hussein received at the Al Nadwa Palace Monday Kuwait's Foreign Minister Sheikh Sahah Al Ahmad Al Sabah who conveyed to the King a message and greetings from the Emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah.

The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said that the meeting stressed the need for maintaining coordirection and consultation among Arab leaderships at the highest possible level in the light of the current developments in the Arab and international arenas and their impact on the Arab nation and its

The King asked that his greetings be conveyed to the Emir of

Jordan, the King added, "highly appreciates Kuwait's role in enhancing inter-Arab consultations to reach a unified Arab stand vis-a-vis various develop-

Present at the meeting, which also included a luncheon, were

By a Jordan Times

Staff Writer

AMMAN -- A group of Jorda-

nian political activists Monday

Wather the U.S. against its

"strategic alliance" with Israel

which they said had cleared the

way for mass Soviet Jewish

immigration to Palestine and

vowed that the Arab people

"will employ every available

means to bout this new accres-

The warning came in a

memorandum signed by 500

Jordanians and submitted to

the American ambassador to

**Jordan, Roscoe Suddarth, at a** 

75-minute meeting held at the

ambassador's residence in

memorandum, addressed to

U.S. President George Bush,

said the massive influx of

Soviet Jews to Israel was a

threat to the security and sta-

bility of the Arab World and

pointed out that it was the U.S.

which constantly insisted on

including the issue of Soviet

Jewish emigration in any top-

level talks with the Soviet Un-

ion under the slogan "human

rights" and paved the way for

mass Soviet Jewish emigration.

tioned why the same human

rights were not applicable to

the Palestinian people, "who

are being subjected to Zionist

oppression, threat of evic-

tion... massacres... aggression,

and injustice" and pointed out

that Soviet Jews were not vic-

It ismented that American

political decisions were influ-

enced by the "military, indust-

rial and financial complex...

and interests... at the expense

Zionist lobby and pressure

forces in Congress, the media

"We know of the role the

of moral principles."

tims of any such measures.

The memorandum ques-

The strongly-worded

Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Chief of the Royal Court Sharif Zeid Ben

Shaker and other officials. Sheikh Sabah Monday urged Arab states to review their ties with the superpowers and Eastern Europe because of the exodus of Soviet Jews to Israel.

"Arabs have to re-evaluate their relations with the United States, the Soviet Union and countries of Eastern Europe in light of the emigration of Soviet lews to the occupied territories," he said in a statement to Petra upon arrival in Amman Monday.

"This immigration is dangerous not only for Jordan but for all the Arab World," Sheikh Sabah said,

Jordanian activists warn U.S.

against alliance with Israel

and culture and of American

money in continued support

for the Zionist entity whose fist

did not loosen its grip on the

sword since its creation," it

American political decision

concerning the Arab-Israeli

conflict will be freed from the

Zionist grip and that your

country will be freed from the

strategic alliance (with Israel),

an alliance which is directly

against us and which supports

the forces of Zionist extrem-

ism, domination, occupation,

war and expansion," it added.

Palestinian uprising in the

occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip represented "a yearning

for human rights, freedom and

It reaffirmed that any Jewish

influx to Israel constituted a

threat to the security and sta-

bility of the Arab World and

vowed that "our nation, whose

history is rich with struggle and

sacrifices, and whose people

has vast talents and potentials,

will employ all means available

to it to fight this new aggres-

people that your country's in-

ternational relations and rela-

tions with governments and

people be based firmly on mor-

als, conscience and human

rights, and the security and

stability of all people and not

The memorandum submit-

on vested interests," it said.

ted to the American ambassa-

dor Monday was the latest in a

series of protests sweeping the

Arab World in the face of the

possibility that the bulk of the

Soviet Jewish immigrants to

Israel would be settled in the

occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip, raising the prospect of a

mass eviction of the Palesti-

nian people living there.

"We appeal to you and your

independence."

It said the 26-month-old

"But we still hope that the

Israel expects about half-a-million Soviet Jewes to immigrate over the next few years, raising Arab fears that many will be settled in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Jordan, regarded by right-wing Israelis as the Palestinian homeland, fears increased Jewish setdement in the West Bank could drive Palestinians into its terri-

Moscow has said it can do nothing to halt the exodus lews, who are heading to Israel in greater numbers because of new U.S. immigration quotas.

Sheikh Sabah also said Kuwait was looking for an appropriate formula to reinstate the parliament which was suspended four years ago at the height of the Gulf

"We are about to begin searching for a formula that suits our country and people in order to resume parliamentary life but we will learn lessons from previous experience," he told Petra.

Although no definite statis-

tics are available, reports from

Israel, activists and indepen-

dent observers indicate that

there is a steady stem of Sovjet

Jews flowing into the occupied

territories. Israel has said that

it expects 300,000 to 500,000

Soviet Jews to arrive in the

next three years and Soviet

reports say that about one

million Soviet Jews have ap-

Following the delivery of the

memorandum, the delegation

held talks with the ambassa-

dor. According to Dr. Huda

Fakhoury, one of the delega-

tion members, the ambassador

reiterated known American

positions on the issue of Soviet

The ambassador reaffirmed

that the U.S. administration

will oppose any assistance (to

Israel) which can be used to

fund the absorption of (Soviet

Jewish) immigrants in the

occupied territories, including

East Jerusalem," said Dr.

Fakboury, an unsuccessful

candidate in the Nov. 8 general

Ambassador Suddarth also

raised the possibility that the

number of Soviet immigrants

taken in by the U.S. during

fiscal year 1989-1990 could go

up to 100,000. He explained

that the quota was set at

50,000, another 20,000 were

being admitted under a

'parole and immigration'

programme and legislation was

planned to increase by up to

30,000 the number of Soviets

the U.S. will take in annually,

by Dr. Abdul Rahman

Shukyr and included, apart

from Dr. Fakhoury, Ziad

Matarneh. Mohammad

Daoudia, Samir Habashneh

Samir Khirfan and Sami Al

Masarweh.

The delegation was headed

according to Dr. Fakhoury.

Jewish immigration.

elections.

# Jordan reaffirms support for Palestinians under occupation

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday reaffirmed Jordan's policy of maintaining support for the Palestinian people to alleviate their sufferings and to enable them to regain their legitimate

His Majesty King Husseln Monday holds talks

with Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Ai-

Ahmad Al Sabah in a meeting attended by His

Jordan's assistance to the Palestinians will continue despite the difficult circumstances the Kingdom is going through, the King said during a meeting with Francis Blanchard, a United Nations

Blanchard, who is the advisor for economic development to U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, briefed King Hussein on his mission in the area. He said that the United Nations was keen on providing economic assistance to the Palestinian people under occupation, a move being opposed by the Israeli authorities, which will make his mission more diffi-

Blanchard said that the United Nations was relying on cooperation from all concerned parties to carry out this

humanitarian mission.

killed in

Israeli raid

on DFLP

King Hussein said Jordan appreciates the United Nation's noble mission and he asked that Blanchard convey his greetings and his appreciation to Perez de Cuellar for his concern over the Palestinian people in view of the very difficult conditions prevailing in the occupied Arab terri-

The King expressed Jordan's readiness to extend full cooperation with Blanchard and to supply him with all the required information that can help contribute to the success

King Hussein spoke in detail about the general situation in the occupied Arab territories and the daily sufferings of the Palestinian people as a result of continued occupation. The King also discussed with

Blanchard regional development and the expected European role in this regard in the light of the formation of three Arab economic blocs.

Earlier Monday, Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem voiced Jordan's full support for the United Nations intention to provide economic and humanitarian assistance to the Palestinian people in the occupied Arab territories, but he hoted that such assistance should not serve as a substitute for international efforts to achieve a comprehensive and just settlement to the Palestine

Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Prime

Minister Mudar Badran (Petra photo)

Qasem told Blanchard at a meeting in the Foreign Ministry that the Jordanian government was doing all it can to alleviate the sufferings of the Palestinian people living under Israeli rule.

"Jordan is trying to help enhance the Palestinian steadfastness in the face of overwhelming deteriorating economic conditions resulting from continued Israeli occupation," Oasem said.

He referred to Israel's escalation of repressive measures to counter the uprising and said it is increasing the suffering of the people under occupation .

The meeting was attended by the ministry's Secretary General Mutasem Bilbeisi and U.N. officials.

In the Gaza Strip, two youths were wounded in clashes with Israeli troops, including a 5-yearold girl who was hit in the face with a rubber coated steel pellet, hospital officials said.

In the Palestinian village of Al Tur inside occupied Jerusalem, a 19-year-old Palestinian was critically injured when he was hit in the head with a stone as he drove through the village with a friend and a tourist, Israel Radio re-

Also Monday, an Israeli officials said U.S. and Israeli diplomats were trying to arrange a meeting between Secretary of State James A. Baker III and

The official, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the meeting could be held Friday, with Arens stopping in Washington on his way back from his current visit to Mexico.

an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue.

Lebanese Forces officials de-

Foreign Minister Moshe Arens to discuss Middle East peace moves.

Baker has proposed a joint meeting with Arens and Egyptian Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid as a step toward starting

The body of a 35-year-old man was found in a West Bank refugee camp Monday. Residents said Hussein Abu Radwan of Amari Refugee Camp was a collaborator with Israeli security

### Soviet Jews' freedom cannot be at Palestinian expense— Thatcher

AMMAN (J.T.) - The following is an extract from a speech given by British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher to the board of deputies of British Jews on Sunday Feb. 18, 1990.

"With so many of the problems which have troubled us around the world now finding solutions, we are desperately services to see similar progress made to settle the problems of the Middle East. Israel has made an important proposal for elections in the occupied territories, but it has to involve the Palestinians. And that menne Israel needs to talk to representatives of the Palesti-

nian people from laside the occupied territories and from outside. That is the only way progress is going to be made and a solution found to the tragic situation in the occupied territories which is so inurtful to Israel's reputation and standing in the world.

"We have always taken the view that land, in return force secure peace, should be the basis for such a solution, I know that the problems would become worse still if Israel were to find homes for Jews from the Soviet Union by settling them in the occupied territories.

"We have all worked very hard to secure the right for

Soviet Jews to emigrate. It would be a very bronic and unjust reward for all our efforts if their freedom were to be at the expense of the rights, the homes and the land of the people of the occupied territories.

"We understand Israel's wish for peace with security or. as Israeli President (Chaim) Herzog put it on a visit to London: Her dream of a day when peace will come. But it will only be achieved by understanding the needs and fears of the other side, as well as one's own; and finding ways in which both can reasonably be satis-

# Aoun, Geagea agree peace pact

bases SIDON (R) — Israeli jets attacked two bases of a Palestinian group in South Lebanon Monday, killing one person and wounding eight, security sources

They said six aircraft fired 16 air-to-surface missiles at the bases of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) in the villages of Lebaa and Kfar Jara, east of the port of Sidon 40

The sources said the wounded included civilians working in a textile factory in Kfar Jara. The raid was in apparent retaliation for an infiltration

kilometres south of Beirut.

attempt by the DFLP into Israel's self-declared security zone in South Lebanon last Wednesday. Israel killed one DFLP guerrilla and captured three. The security sources said there

were few casualties among the guerrillas because they had been expecting retaliation for the infiltration attempt and had evacuated their positions. The DFLP has launched a

series of attacks against the Jewish state over the past year. Witnesses said the planes flattened the two bases, which an Israeli army spokesman in Israel said had been used to plan and launch attacks on Israel's northern border.

The DFLP in Damascus said in a statement no gnerrillas were killed in the raid.

"The Israeli raid against civihan targets shows the aggressive Zionist policies towards the Palestinian and Lebanese people. "While condemning these raids the DFLP calls upon the world

community to press Israel to stop the destruction of Palestinian and Lebauese people," the statement

### BEIRUT (Agencies) — Rebel man announced the pact radio, saying: "We reached final agreement on a six-point peace

General Michel Aoun and militia chief Samir Geagea Monday agreed a pact to end three weeks of pitched battles for control of the Christian enclave in which more than 640 people were killed and 2,300 wounded.

The pact announced by mediator Chaker Abu Sleiman endorses Aoun's supremacy in the enclave but also guarantees the continued existence of the rival Lebanese Forces (LF) militia led by Geagea. It was Aoun's demand that the

LF disband that sparked the pitched battles on Jan. 31 and residents of east Beirut who have already seen 11 ceasefires collapse remained sceptical that peace was at hand.

Sporadic shellfire echoed across the enclave hours after Abu Slei-

But there was little sign on the ground that tension was easing. Both sides reinforced their positions and a steady stream of frightened civilians, fearful that ighting will flare anew, fled the

Christian enclave north of Beirut. Sources said that Aoun told Geagea when the ceasefire took hold that he had until late Tuesday to withdraw from Beirut port and the nearby Karantina

pact which will deal with the

political and military issues."

clined comment on the reported ultimatum, but said Geagea was prepared to negotiate with Aoun to settle their differences.

# De Klerk to attend Zaire Summit

CAPE TOWN (R) — President F.W. De Klerk will attend a one-day meeting of African heads of state in Zaire Saturday, a South African government spokesman said Monday. Political analysts said the in-

vitation to the meeting appeared to be De Klerk's first African reward for his decisions on Feb. 2 to lift the ban on the African National Congress (ANC) and release its leader, Nelson Mandela, from prison.

"It is confirmed that state President F.W. de Klerk... will make a one-day visit to Zaire... in order to attend a meeting of a number of African heads of state," the president's spokesman said in a statement. Government officials said it

was not known which African heads of state would attend the meeting, probably to be held at

meeting would be chaired by Zairean President Mobutu Sese Seko, but would not be restricted to his long-term efforts to achieve old civil war.

draw from the adjoining territory of Namibia last year under an international agreement linked to the withdrawal of Cuban troops from Angola and efforts to end that country's war with UNITA. the National Union for the Total Independence of Angola. Namibia is due to become inde-

pendent on March 21 and political analysts in South Africa expect African leaders, possibly including the presidents of Zimbabwe, Angola and Zambia.

Government sources said the President Kenneth Kaunda. Mozambican President Joaquim Chissano and President Felix Houphouet-Boigny of the Ivory Coast since he forced his predea ceasefire in Angola's 15-year- cessor P.W. Botha from office last year. South Africa began to with-

Botha met Mobutu last year. but sources in his office said he never achieved his long-standing ambition of attending a summit of African leaders.

Meanwhile, the South African government said Monday that passport applications for Mandela and his wife, Winnie, have been approved.

Mandela, released last week from a life jail term for plotting to De Klerk to attend the cere- overthrow white rule, has said he monies in Windhoek alongside will travel to the ANC's headquarters-in-exile in the Zambian capital Lusaka as soon as

possible.



Actives General Actives General Attractions and Actives General Genera

ed the Woman of from Harry h e sorter fin 00 in shoe

IDA (AP) - Ar ries worker acces 3 change in done TOSS one sine re \$3,000. "I took on. nd I said, 'oh, a red Kuhrt, wholes: ed for 20 years O bills were in see )pes marked mas Henry Konank, is. Henry konsk enting from a me tion, answered call from god S. He said his we. recently, and let ome of her below vill employees ald retired postal a e cash. "I didn't ." Konarske sait se to me, l

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TO YEAR THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

# Baghdad against U.S. plans to stay in Gulf

BAGHDAD (AP) — President Saddam Hussein has objected to United States plans to keep a naval presence in the Gulf despite a lessening Soviet threat and reduced possibility of resumption of the Gulf War.

Hussein was quoted Monday by the official media as criticising American intention to maintain its naval force in the Gulf as unnecessary after recent developments in the Soviet Union and the ceasefire in the Gulf war.

"We are uncomfortable with repeated American statements that it will stay in the region... and we have been expecting American to announce that it would withdraw," Hussein was quoted as telling Arab foreign ministers who met with him

The U.S. government has said it itends to keep in place the naval forces it has operated in the Gulf since 1949, and reinforced during the eight-year Gulf war between

Iraq and Iran. Arab diplomats say Hussein told U.S. Assistant Secretary of State John Kelly, who met with him last week, that the presence of the U.S. force in the area was unnecessary since the Gulf war was halted by a U.N. sponsored ceasefire.

"It would be understandable if America said it would withdraw and come back if new circumst-

ances arise. But it is rather questionable to hear repeated statements that it intends to stay," Hussein was quoted by the media

The Iraqi leader also said the Bush administration's position might not help bring a permanent end to the conflict.

The war was halted by a U.N.sponsored effort after Iran accepted Security Council Resolution 598 in August 1988. But no peace agreement has been signed since then and the peace talks have been deadlocked because the two countries remain apart on issues of troop withdrawal and sovereignty over the disputed Shatt Al Arab

Commenting on recent developments in East Europe and their possible impact on the Arab World. Hussein warned that the Arabs should be on alert for "surprises."

"Arabs have an extraordinary role and a great power in achieving a world balance... vis-a-vis American power," he said. He said Arab oil can play a



Saddam Hussein

world balance and to ensure Arabs' rights and interests. Hussein also warned that Israel might launch a new war to take

more Arab land. "Who will oppose Israel if it launches a military agression now and seizes more Arab land... No one. Not even the Soviet Union or Europe because it is America which is now the world super power," he added.

He also urged the Arab countries to forge better relations with Japan and Europe in order to contribute to a new world equilibrium and face up to increasing American power.

"We should clear all the mines inter-Arab relations, forge a unified Arab policy and reduce the number of our enemies." he major role in establishing the new said.

### DFLP leaders patch up differences

TUNIS (R) — The leadership of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) met in Algiers Monday and patched up differences over policy towards Middle East peace moves, DFLP sources in Tunis

The differences had pitted DFLP leader Nayef Hawatmeh against Yasser Abed Rabbo, his representative on the 15-man Executive Committee of the Tunisbased Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), PLO sources outside the front said.

Hawatmeh said Monday: "Some news agencies have carried fabricated reports about a split threatening the DFLP. These reports...are designed to distort the vanguard role which the front is playing in alliance with all nationalist forces.".

In a statement released through the front's Tunis office, he added the meeting of the DFLP's Central Committee in Algiers was a complete success.

An official source in the same office, which is run by Abed Rabbo, said earlier Monday that there was disagreement inside the front on the "path the front and the Palestinian national movement should take in the coming

The source declined to go into details but the PLO sources said Hawatmeh and Abed Rabbo were at odds over U.S. and Egyptian attempts to arrange an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue in

Abed Rabbo has headed the PLO team in talks with the United States and has followed policies close to those of the Fateh

Movement of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

In recent statements Hawatmeh, who spends most of his time in Damascus or Algiers, has set tough conditions for PLO approval of the Cairo meeting.

He has rejected a compromise formula under which Egypt would announce the names of the Palestinian delegation, one of the major obstacles to the meeting taking place.

The PLO has not openly approved the formula but officials close to Arafat have indicated they are flexible on this

There have been rumours of differences between Hawatmeh tools and cattle vaccines. and Abed Rabbo for more than a year but DFLP officials have repeatedly denied them.

### Mubarak shows Qadhafi success of peace policy

ASWAN (R) - President Hosni Mubarak took Libyan leader Musmmar Qadhafi to the Sinai peninsula Monday in an attempt to show him that Egypt's peacemaking policy has paid dividends.

"Mubarak always likes to take his Arab visitors to Sinai to show them that Egypt's foreign policy works," a senior Egyptian official said. Qudhafi has repeatedly de-

hoped would help end civil war in nounced Egypt's 1979 peace one of Africa's poorest countries. treaty with Israel which led to Bashir, 52, is de facto head of the recovery of Sinai in 1982. state, prime minister, defence But Cairo has given the Liminister and commander-in-chief byan leader an enthusiastic of the armed forces. The officials welcome on his latest trip, said they expected Bashir would aimed at patching up the deleave Cairo the same day.

Meanwhile the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) said Sunday it hoped to be allowed to resume an airlift to famine-threatened south Sudan this week after a ban imposed in November.

Sudanese

Cairo today

Bashir will visit Cairo and hold

talks with Egyptian President

Hosni Mubarak Tuesday, offi-

It will be Bashir's third visit

since his 15-man junta seized

power last June in a move Egypt

leader

to visit

cials said.

Dominique Gross, head of the Geneva-based agency's operations in Sudan, said the ICRC submitted a relief plan to the government and the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA) last week.

"We are still awaiting clearance from both sides," he said. He hoped supplies would start moving Thursday by plane, lorry and barge to the army-held towns of Juba, Wan, Malakai and Aweil and to SPLA-controlled Yirol.

Kongor, Lieu and Akon. Khartoum suspended relief flights by non-Sudanese planes in late October after the air force bombed rebel towns in an upsurge of fighting.

Last month the government announced an easing of the ban and two weeks ago the Lutheran World Federation relief agency resumed flights to Juba, a town of 300,000 people under SPLA

Some 250,000 southerners died in 1988 from hunger, war and disease and more than three million have fled their homes. The SPLA has fought for seven

years to end what it sees as domination of the mainly animist and Christian south by the Muslim, Arabised north. Gross said the ICRC would distribute crop seeds, farming

mad Yazdi, indicated that Iran is

beset with a crime wave and

warned Monday that armed rob-

bers and murderers would be

executed. Tehran Radio re-

saying "there have been recent

Yazdi said thieves "even burg-

led some public places, such as

banks and government offices, as-

Neither the incident in the

northwestern Iranian province of

Hamadan, of which Yazdi gave

no details, nor any other cases of

murder, robbery or rape have

been reported by the state radio,

television or the official Islamic

Republic News Agency (IRNA),

nation can rest assured that the

judiciary stands against any mis-

chief, murder and crime... and

we will fulfill our divine Islamic

It said Yazdi was speaking in a

meeting in Tehran with high-

ranking judicial officials, includ-

ing Prosecutor General Moham-

mad Mohammadi-Reyshshahri,

Dr. Radwan Al Sa'ad ...... (--)
Al Sharaa' pharmacy ...... (985238)

Dr. Farsh Aqrabawi ..... (-

Khalifeh pharmacy ...... 985417

duties," the radio reported.

Yazdi added that "the Iranian

all monitored in Nicosia.

we saw in Hamadan."

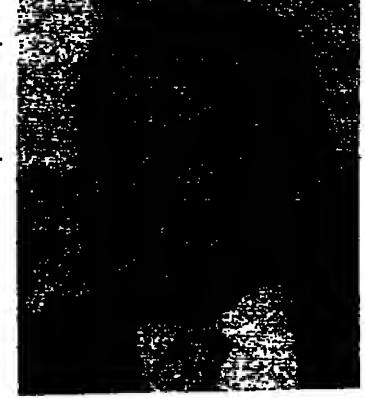
ported.

shirt, left the southern winter resort of Aswan on an Egyptian plane with Mubarak, who was wearing a sober business suit. Two of Qadhafi's women bodyguards carrying AK-47. rifles were pievented from boardig the plane, bound for Sharm Al Sheikh at the south-

white silk suit and black silk

ern tip of Sinai. Israel captured the desert peninsula in the 1967 war, ziong with Syria's Golan Heights, the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

While all other territories remain in Israeli hands, Egypt's late President Anwar Sadat signed a U.S.-brokered cade-long quarrel. peace treaty under which Israel Qadhafi, respleadent in a pulled out of Sinai.



Hosni Mubarak

Relations between Libya and Egypt, erratic since the early 1970s, have improved since a rapprochement between Oadhafi and Mubarak at an Arab summit last May.

Muharak has visited Libya twice since October and the current visit is Qadhafi's



Musmmar Qadhafi

second to Egypt since the Ministers held talks in

Aswan Monday on boosting cooperation and removing trade barriers. Mubarak and Qadhafi agreed Sunday to setup joint committees on banking and improving trade.

# Danish ship relesed off Ethiopia

NAIROBI (Agencies) — A Danish ship carrying food aid for Ethiopian drought victims has been released by Eritrean rebels a week after it was attacked off the Red Sea port of Massawa, a spokesman for the rebels said Monday.

The Svea Atlantic, which was carrying several hundred tonnes of Irish-donated food and other relief supplies, had unloaded its cargo, the spokesman for the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF) said.

The ship was not damaged and the crew were safe, the spokesman, Yemane Gabre Meskel. told Reuters in Nairobi by telephone from London. He did not

know where the ship was now. Yemane said Svea Atlnatic entered the Massawa area last Monday as government forces were launching a sea-borne attack to retake the port, the main one serving northern Ethiopia, from the rebels

"The ship was turned away from the battle zone and taken away to a safe place to unload its cargo," Yemane said, without specifying where this was. He said the supplies, mostly

cern, would be distributed by the EPLF's relief agency. Concern's director in Ethiopia, Jack Finucane, said by telephone from Addis Ababa the Charity.

had received a brief messasge

donated by the Irish Charity Con-

Monday from the ship's captain who said the crew were safe and the ship was undamaged but the cargo had been lost.

Mengista did not drectly deny the rebel claim, but he appeared to rule out any negotiations with the Eritreans.

The captain said the ship was sailing away from Ethiopia but did not give more details, Finucane added.

In Copenhagen the Danishnews agency Ritzau quoted the ship's owners as saying they had had a phone call from the captain Monday reporting the vessel had been released, all was well on board, but the cargo had been

The ship has a crew of eight a Danish captain and engineer and six Polish seamen.

The relief supplies, including blankets, tents, sugar, flour, milk power and high protein biscuits were Concern's first aid consignment to victims of the drought threatening up to four million people with starvation in northern Ethiopia.

There has been heavy fighting in Massawa since the EPLF launched its first major offensive for months 10 days ago.

The government has denied a claim by the rebels, who are fighting for independence in Eritrea, to have full control of Massawa and President Mengistu Haile Mariam appealed Sunday for a fight to the "bitter end" against the EPLF.

In a broadcast late Saturday, Mengistu said Massawa's fall could lead to defeat of the 2nd Army and secession of Eritrea, Ethiopia's northernmost pro-

"The fall of the Second Army would be a heavy blow to the Ethiopian Armed Forces and endanger the unity and territorial integrity of the nation," Mengistu

It was Mengistn's first statement on the fighting, which began on Feb. 8, the date of the first offensive in over a year by the

- Two days later, the rebels claimed they captured Massawa, one of Ethiopia's two ports and the gateway to trade with Eritrea and its southern neighbour,

The rebels claimed they killed or captured 12,600 government troops and sank or captured nearly half the Ethiopian Navy's fleet. The London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies says the Ethiopian navy has two frigates and 12 patrol craft.

The Eritreans also said they controlled the 60 kilometre road from Massawa and Eritrea's capital, Asmara.

Mengistu did not directly deny the rebel claim, but he appeared to rule out any negotiations with the Eritreans.

# amends treaty with

VALLETTA (R) — Maita amended a 1984 friendship treaty with its neighbour Libya Monday, dropping military clauses that had strained relations with

the United States. Prime Minister Eddie Fenech Adami, speaking after signing the amendments in Valletta with Libyan Foreign Minister Jaddallah Azzouz Al Talhi, said the treaty had been changed in line with Malta's commitment to follow a neutral foreign policy.

The old treaty provided for exchanges of security and defence nformation ·

It also committed Malta not to allow its territory to be used formilitary activities that threatened

Former Maltese Prime Minister Carmelo Mifsud Bonnici invoked the agreement to warn Colonel Muammar Qadhafi of an imminent U.S. air raid in April

Fenech Adami, who took office in 1987, said-last year that the new agreement would be simply one of "cooperation in the economic, social and cultural

# Iran pledges support for Hizbollah

NICOSIA (R) — President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani Monday reaffirmed Iran's backing for Hizbollah (Party of God), widely believed to be behind the kidnapping of Westerners in Lebanon.

in a meeting with senior Hizbollah clerics, "declared Iran's readiness to help Hizbollah and Muslims of the region to confront enemies of Islam in the region, especially Zionism and world

### Tehran Radio said Rafsanjani, Unlike fanfare for Soviet Jews, Ethiopians have a low profile

Israeli military censors made deletions from this report

TEL AVIV (R) — While Israel greets an influx of Soviet immigrants with public acclaim, the arrival of Ethiopian Jews since the renewal of ties with the Marxist government in Addis Ababa has been shrouded in secrecy.

The Jewish Agency, a quasigovernment body that helps new immigrants, said there had been little change in the numbers coming from Ethiopia since relations were restored three months ago. The agency would not discuss

efforts to increase the flow. "The average number was about 100 every month, which is not what we would like but this is the situation," agency spokesman Gad Ben-Ari told Reuters.

JORDAN TELEVISION

Nightly receptions for Soviet Jews landing at Tel Aviv airport,

now running at 5,000 a month,

and domestic media. While the actual arrivals of Ethiopians are not publicised, news about recent immigrants has surfaced in connection with other

Last month officials in the

'attract broad coverage by foreign

northern town of Maaiot protested at plans to use the entire local immigrant absorption centre for new Ethiopian arrivals. A tree planting ceremony involved 2,000 new arrivals. Uri

Gordon, head of the Jewish Agency Immigration Department, said there were 1,500 Soviet Jews and 500 Ethiopians, though some had been in Israel more than a year.

Israel restored relations with Ethiopia in November amid widespread suspicion it had struck a deal to reunite the esti-

Iran funds and trains Hizbollah. Both deny charges the group was involved in the disappearance of 17 Westerners believed

# held hostage in Lebanon.

have often committed other crimes such as murder and other Taboos is an Iranian euphemism for rape or other sexual mated 15,000 Jews still in Ethiopia with the 17,000 Ethio-

Speculation was heightened by repeated foreign reports that Israel was providing military aid to the Marxist government, which is fighting for its existence against secessionist movements.

pian Jews already in the Jewish

The Israeli Defence Ministry has denied the charges of military involvement, which included media reports of sales of cluster bombs, provision of military advisers and a visit by Israeli Chief-Of-Staff Dan Shomron. "Shomron never visited

Ethiopia. No Israeli military are located in Ethiopia today," an Israeli Defence Ministry spokesman said.

But the ministry would not say if it has any military cooperation with Ethiopia.

NICOSIA (AP) — The head of Chief Justice Ayatollah Morteza IRNA reported.

head of Iran's prisons. "Most Islamic jurists believe that those who attack others with weapons, and who steal, murder or cause fear, should face the death sentence," the radio

The broadcast quoted Yazdi as quoted Yazdi as saying. Iran's state-run media have recrimes in various cities in which ported more than 1,200 execurobbers have burgled homes, and tions since Dec. 1988, most for drug or prostitution-related

Drug-related arrests and hangings have been highlighted in the Iranian media since the launch of an anti-narcotics campaign in Dec. 1988, but other crimes, except prostitution, generally have

not been reported. Opposition organisations maintain that many political prisoners have been executed by the governemnt on alleged drugs/related

#### **Demonstration against** Rushdie, Cooper

Meanwhile, Iranian media reports Sunday said thousands of students demonstrated to support the year-old death threat against British author Salman Rushdie and also called for the execution of Briton Roger Cooper.

The marchers issued a communique calling for the death of Cooper, imprisoned in Iran on spying charges, at the end of the march from Tehran University to the former British embassy,

the judiciary, Avatollah Moham- Mogtedai and Ali Shushtari, Cooper. 53, a British business- pound, as Iran severed relations have highlighted. man, has been in prison in Iran since Dec. 7, 1985. He lived in Iran for 20 years prior to his

> In London, the British Foreign Office said it "deeply deplored" the call for Cooper's execution. The late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, architect of Iran's Islamic Revolution, issued a religious

edict on Feb. 14 last year condemning Rushdie to death for allegedly defaming Islam in his novel The Satanic Verses. IRNA said the students' communique called for curbing trade relations with Britain and condemned the recent deportation of

the statement demanded the deporation of British journalists from Iran, although none are known to be stationed there. "(British Prime Minister Margaret) Thatcher is playing with fire by supporting Rushdie," the

nine Iranians by London. It said

marchers chanted, according to The press reports, all monitored in Nicosia, said the demonstrators burned British and U.S. flags while chanting, "by the ruling of Khomeini, Salman Rushdie must be killed," "death to Bri-

tain" and "death to America." The marchers carried photographs of Khomeini and his successor as supreme religious leader, Ayatollah Ali Khamenei. There are no British diplomats stationed in the embassy com- radical Iranian leaders like Yazdi with Britain last year when London supported Rushdie's right to

publish the novel. The reports said Muslim cleric Mohammad Ali Ansari, in charge of the institute publishing Khomeini's works, told the rally that "Muslims are obliged to carry out the edict whatever the circumstances."

In a related development, a top Iranian official said Sunday that Muslims who possess the means to kill Rushdie but fail to are sinners in the eyes of God:

Tehran Radio quoted Yazdi as saying the best reason to "suffer difficulties in trying to carry out the death order is that those who died in this path will be martyrs." According to Islamic teaching, martyrs go directly to heaven.

The broadcast quoted Yazdi as saying Khomeini's ruling that the Indian-born British writer be killed was "irrevocable."

Yazdi's statements followed comments Friday by President Hashemi Rafsanjani that Khomeini's ruling was only "the view of one expert on a matter of Islamic jurisprudence." Rafsanjani, leader of a so-cal-

led pragmatic camp, wants to lessen Iran's radical image to attract Western investment and technology to revive the country's

war-battered economy. Rafsanjani was trying to play down the Rushdie affair, which

Iran warns criminals they could face death penalty

The radicals, led by former Interior Minister Ali Akbar Mohtashemi, eschew relations with the West, which they believe will pollute the Islamic Republic. "As head of the judiciary I plainly announce that this is an official, judicial command, not (just) a religious decree," the

radio quoted Yazdi as saying. He said, "sooner or later the command will be carried out." Rushdie, 42, has been in hiding in Britain under protective guard since Khomeini's call more than a

year ago. Meanwhile, a Tehran newspaper condemned a call by members of Britain's parliament for Iran's expulsion from the United Na-

A statement signed by 248 members of the 650-seat British House of Commons called Friday for Tehran's U.N. seat to be given to the largest Iranian opposition group, the Iraq-based Mujahedeen Khalq, or People's Holy Warriors.

The Iranians refer to the Mujabedeen as the Munafequen; or hypocrites.

Condemning Iran, the British signatories said, "this regime understands no language except that of force," and cited the Rushdie death order as evidence that "terrorism is an inherent characteristic of the ruling regime

15:98 ...... Larnaca, Moscow (SU)
18:95 ...... Dubai (AZ)
18:39 ...... Dubai (EK)

MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in fils per kg.

### JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

#### Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME ONE 15:45 ..... Children programmes 18:00 ...... News summary in Arabic 18:45 ..... Local programme 19:10 ...... Agricultural programme 19:45 Programme review 28:00 News in Arabic 20:30 ..... Arabic series 21:30 ..... Programme review 21:48 ..... Local programme 23:00 ..... News summary in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO 17:45 ..... Lucifer 18:10 ..... Des Chiffers Et de Lettres 18:35 ..... L'Appart 19:96 ..... News in French 19:15 ...... Aujourd'Hui en Jordanie Amman International Church Tcl. 19:30 ..... News in Hebrew 28:09 ...... News in Arabic Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 28:39 ..... Mr. Belvedere The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-

21:00 ..... Mother Love 22:00 ..... News in English 22:29 ..... Hunter PRAYER THES 94:52 Fair (Source) Duba

11.49 Dhuhr

14:59 ...... 'Ast

17:29 ..... Maghreb 18:46 ..... Isha St. Mary of Nazareth Church, Swelfiek

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. De la Salle Churck Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraian Church Tel. 771751.

Day Salats Tel. 815817, 654932. WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

It will be generally cold with chances

of showers. Win	ds will be northwester-
northerly mode	Aqaba, winds will be rate and seas calm.
	Min./max. temp.
	2/ <sup>7</sup> 9
Aqaba Deserts	

Jordan Valley ...... 7 / 17

Yesterday's high temperatures: Am-

man 13, Aqaba 22. Humidity readings;

Amman 25 per cent, Aqaba 22 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY	
MAN: . Rizq Abu Zeinz (—) . Mohammad Ibrahim 846296	
. Abul Wahab Awad 746070 . Ali As'ad	
as pharmacy	
Salam pharmacy	N.
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EMERGENCIES Civil Defence Department ..... 661111 Civil Defence Immediate Rescus...... 630341 Fire Brigade...... 891228 Blood Bank ...... 775121 Highway Police ...... 843402 Public Security Department .... 630321 Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661176 Water and Sewerage Amman Municipality Telephone Information 

Central Amman Telephone

Repairs ..... 623101

Abdall Telephone Repairs .... 661101

Jordan Television ...... 773111 Radio Jordan 774111 Water Authority 680100 Jordan Electricity Anthonity ... 815615 Electric Power RJ Flight Information ...... 08-53200 Queen Alia Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6 Akilch Maternity, J. Amn .... 642441/2 Jabel Amman Maternity ...... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman ........... 636140 Palestine, Shmeisani ...... 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital ...... 669131 University Hospital 845845
Al-Mussher Hospital 667223/9 The Islamic, Abdali ........ 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen ...... 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich ..... 775111/26 Army, Marka \_\_\_\_\_\_ 891611/15 Quecu Alia Hospital ...... 602240/50 ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital ..... (09)983323

Zarqa National Hospital .. (09)991071

Ibu Sina Flospital ..... (09)986732

Princess Basma Hospital .. (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Iba Al Naices Hospital.... (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal

Jordanian (RI) information depart-

ment at the Queen Alia International

should always be verified.

Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it

ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 69:00 ..... Damascus (RI) 99:10 ...... Jeddah (RJ) 99:35 ..... Muscat, Dobai (RJ 19:55 ..... Dolta, Bahrain (RJ) 10:00 ...... Abu Dhabi, Kawait (RJ) 15:45 ..... Montreal, New York (RJ) 17:00 ..... Baghdad (RJ)

17:55 .... Copenhagen, Frankfurt (RJ)

19:46 ..... Tripoli (RJ)

19:55 ...... Belgrade, Bucharest (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) 19:30 ...... Kuwait (KU) 13:15 ..... Moscow, Larnaca (SU) 17:85 ..... Rome (AZ)

DEPARTURES

17:30 ..... Dubai, Damascus (EK)

15:35 ..... Beirut (ME)

20:10 ..... Zurich, Lamaca (SR)

10:35 ...... London (BA)

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 87:89 ..... Aqaba (RJ) 10:40 ...... Tripoli (RJ) 10:45 ...... Vienna, Chicago (RJ) 11:15 ...... Belgrade, Bucharest (RJ) 11:45 ...... Rome, Madrid (RI) 12:06 ...... Paris, Brussels (RJ) 12:30 ..... Frankfurt, London (RJ) 13:00 ..... Baghdad (RJ) 19:40 Kuwait, Dhahran (RJ) 20:45 ..... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) 21:30 · Kusk Lampur, Singapore (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

11:30 ..... Karant (KU)

Apple ..... 420 / 380 Banina ..... 450 / 400 Banana (Mukammar) ...... 400 / 350 Beans ..... 750 / 700 Cabbage ...... 80 / 50 Carrot ...... 170/150 Dates ..... 500 / 450 Eggplant ..... 200 / 150 Gartic ..... 750 / 650 Lemon ..... 210 / 180 Letince (per one) 120 / 80 Marrow (large) ..... 150 / 120 Marrow (small) ..... 250 / 200 Onion (dry) 270 / 230 Onion (green) 200 / 160 Pepper (hot) ...... 820 / 700. Pepper (sweet) ..... 720 / 600 Sage ..... 450 / 400 

Amnesty

sought

for all

political

prisoners

By Nermeen Murad

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - A Public Free-

doms Committee, which rep-

resents members of 12 profes-

sional associations, has urged

the government to grant

amnesty to 55 political prison-

ers and detainees it says are

upon to issue a comprehensive

general amnesty for the re-

maining political prisoners

and detainees without any ex-

ceptions immediately," Dr.

Samir Yassin, deputy chair-

man of the Public Freedom's

Committee at the Professional

Associations Complex, Said

felt His Majesty King Hus-

sein's decision to grant special

pardon to 27 Jordanian and

two Arab political prisoners,

an Iraqi and Syrian, last week

"was a shining example of His

Majesty's concern for the

Jordanian citizen's dignity."

was also another step on the

way of "strengthening the

march of democracy and era-

dicating all the traces of the

past and opening a new

the committee still expected a

general amnesty to all politic-

al prisoners and called for

cancelling "administrative

Law passed during the British

mandate period, the govern-

ment can hold administrative

According to Jordanian

law, a special pardon, such as

the one used last week, is

granted by the King upon the

recommendation of the

Cabinet and does not erase

the record of the crime from

the citizen's files. A special

pardon cannot be granted to

special pardon will never be

able to run for municipal or

parliamentary elections, nor

can they obtain a good be-

haviour certificate from

security departments which is

a prerequisite for certain

kinds of employment," Yas-

"These people granted a

detainees without trial.

Under the 1935 Defence

detention laws."

Yassin, however, said that

He said that King's pardon

Yassin said his committee

Monday.

"The government is called

still being beld in prisons.

# Arab-Americans press for restrictions on aid to Israel

By Marian M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Amb Americans have asked Congress to put strict conditions on U.S. aid to Israel in an effort to stop the flow of Soviet Jewish emigrants into the West Bank and Gaza Strip, according to former U.S. Senator James Abourezk.

In a jetter addressed to every member of the U.S. Congress, Abourezk, who heads the American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Commutee (ADC). described the settlement of Soviet Jews in the occupied territories as a step that would make it "politically impossible for the Israeli government to exchange land for peace."

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d States.

The letter said that the U.S. "must condition further aid to Israel based on whether or not it's government totally prevents any settlement activity." In a press conference he held here Monday, Abourezk conceded that U.S. aid to israel is not likely to be cut any tupe soon, but stressed that without an awareness campaign it

would never end. The letter, dated Feb. 16,

By Ghadeer Taher

Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — A former senior

official of the Ministry of Supp-

ly has been detained in what is

seen as the first formal attempt

tained Saturday after his return

from England, according to

high-ranking officials, "His

passport was confiscated upon

arrival at Queen Alia Interna-

tional Airport and the follow-

ing day he was detained," the

official told the Jordan Times

Monday on condition of

anonymity. Hawamdeh was re-

turning after undergoing heart

The case involves alleged

misuse of funds and embezzle-

ment involving a government

purchase of rice in April 1989

worth \$660,000 to \$700,000.

according to a Prime Ministry

Hawamdeh, who was retired

earlier this year, has been

transferred from Iweideh pris-

on to Al Bashir hospital but a

request for bail filed by his

lawyers was rejected Sunday,

sources close to the lawyers

According to an official

privy to the accounts of the

Ministry of Supply, "Hawam-

surgery in England.

was the latest in a series of activities that Abourezk has instigated in an attempt to stop further emigration by Soviet lews to occupied Arab lands.

Last week ADC Vice-President Wals Nest announced that a delegation of Arab-Americans, deported Palestinians and members of the ADC would visit the Soviet Union and talk to Soviet officials and members of the Soviet Jewish community in order to distuade Soviet Jews from emigrating to the occupied territories via Israel. Abourezh said that the de-

legation's aim would be to point out to the Soviet Jewish community that the West Bank and Gaza Strip is a conflict zone and that going there would not be equivalent to a peaceful existence. They have to know it's not a game and that the occupied territories are a war zone." Aboutezk said. The former senator arrived in Jordan Sanday night in a one-day visit after which he leaves for a tour in the Arab

He said that Arab-Americans have been "strangely allied' with some Jewish

deh overstepped his authority

and changed official papers

without the minister's consent."

The source said that more

than one letter from the Audit

Bureau were sent to then

Minister of Supply Fayez

Tarawneh and then his succes-

Former official held

for 'misuse of funds'

groups in trying to raise the ceiling on the Soviet immigrants. Abourezk said he had had no confirmation from Washington on the claim made by a Soviet Foreign Ministry official last week that the ceiling had been raised to 70,000.

Abourezk confirmed that during part of his planned visit to Amman early next month he would discuss a Jordan based ADC contingent which would join their fellow U.S. members in a visit to the Soviet Union. "Our ADC office here is already making lists of candidates to go; We want deportees and others that would give the Soviets a good idea of what is really going on in this part of the world."

He said that during his March visit in which he would preside over the annual ADC fund-raising dinner scheduled for March 3, he would also try to promote other ADC pro-

The Evewitness Israel Programme, which sends delegations of hand picked opinion leaders in the U.S. to the occupied territories for a threeweek investigation visit, is one of the programmes that the

ADC would like to reactivate, Abourezk said. At present the ADC does not have the funds but according to ADC organisers, they hope to raise the funds necessary because "the project has been very successful so far in altering American public opinion."

He said that attempts to reduce press coverage of the intifada in the U.S. had been successful to a large degree mainly due to krael's clampdown on foreign correspondents in the territories and because American public figures were not speaking up on the subject. He said speaking tours by

Americans in the territories or tours by Arabs in the U.S. would increase the American public's awareness about the realities of the Arab-Israeli conflict. He said that leading American Jews were increasingly in favour of the creation of a Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza. Aboutezk concluded by

saying that the campaign to increase world and American awareness and support for the Palestinian issue had only just

elopment plan entails building

another 420 school buildings to

be carried out in the three stages

according to Tarawneh. He said,

year for their construction. All

the buildings have to be com-

pleted between 1993 and 1998.

Tarawneh expects the total cost

of building the first phase to be

JD 285 million, which will be

financed through loans from the

World-Bank and the Japanese

He said that the school build-

ings project was endorsed as part



NAMING CEREMONY: His Majesty King Hussein, His Royal Highness Prince Mohammad, His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Al Hossein, and His Royal Highness Prince Ghazi Al Mohammad Monday attend the naming ceremony of Her Royal Highness Princess Ayah Al Falsal conducted by Chief Islamic Justice Mohammad Mheilan. Also attending the ceremony were His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, the King's Political Advisor Adnan Abn Odeh, Chief of Staff General kathi Abu Taleb, senior officials and members of the Tabbaa family (Petra photo)

# Bank staff against sit-in by 500 out of the 650 em-

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times

In a memo sent to the Jor-Employees Association (JBIEA) Monday, the minister the association was a form of 103 of the Labour Law. The article stipulates that a 14-day

"Because there was no writ-

Petra Bank employees vowed to strike three weeks ago if their demands, which

ployees, were not met by the bank's government-appointed management committee. The employees demanded improvement of their conditions and management reform.

The JBIEA called on the employees Sunday to stage a protest today in front of the main Petra Bank building in Wadi Sagra and all employees to refrain from work until their full demands were met. The association did not refer to the word "strike."

In the meantime, a ninehour meeting was held Monday by the management committee of the Petra Bank, was attended in part by the prime minister, the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) governor and the minister of labour to discuss the employees' demands.

The employees were asked to remain in their offices until the meeting ended and a circular was distributed by the management.

The circular said that the bank's management had taken full responsibility of and guarantee for the employees

savings fund which amounts to JD 700,000. The management also decided to increase the employees' salaries, especially the low-grades, by between JD 5 and JD 15. Some of the high-income employees re-

a meeting of their association.

In a telephone interview with the Jordan Times, the vice-chairman of the Petra Bank board committee, Jawad Anani, said that the sit-in could negatively affect the business of the bank.

# Labour minister warns Petra

AMMAN — A sit-in by Petra Bank employees scheduled to take place today is illegal and the employees must accept any consequence resulting from their action, Minister of Labour Qaseem Obeidat said Monday.

dan Banking and Insurance said that the sit-in declared by strike and contrary to Article notice is essential before holding a strike, according to the

ten notice to conduct a strike, this act is considered illegal. and accordingly, you will be responsible for any consequences resulting from the strike." the memo read.

were made in a petition signed

ceive no raise at all.

In another memorandum sent to the management later Monday, the employees completely rejected the proposals made by the management committee of the bank and insisted on holding the sit-in. The notice, which was signed by tens of employees, came after

"The staff must realise that their strike could affect the business of the bank. This could lead to the discontinuation of the bank and I would ence of this," Anani warned.

#### to try officials for financial in the first stage 200 new schools sor Ibrahim Avoub about the ministry's projects and school mismanagement and a litmus Hawamdeh's alleged misuse of buildings department. test for the government's funds asking the ministers to Tarawneh said the 140 schools pledge to fight corruption. investigate the matter. The were being built in the most Abdullah Hawamdeh, for-Ministry of Supply ignored both populated cities including Ammer secretary-general of the letters," said the official who man, Zarqa and Irbid, which at Ministry of Supply, was de-

also insisted on anonymity. Tarawneh was called in for questioning Saturday before last about the affair, official sources said. In an earlier interview with the Jordan Times, Tarawneh denied any knowledge about the affair or the rice deal. "I do not know any-

former minister could not be reached for comment Monday. Ayoub, former minister of supply and now minister o transport, declined comment

thing about it," he said. The

on the case. Sources close to Hawamdeh's lawyers said the defence would mostly be based on the argument that the treasury did not lose any money in the deal since a certain amount was allocated to the contract. which was granted to a prominent Jordanian businessman. Khalil Talhouni.

The source said the investigation will take a long time since two of the witnesses were out of the country.

#### would be set up together with facilities including 100 libraries, 100 laboratories, 100 educational halls, 100 vocational workshops. He said, the ministry has already prepared design's for 100 schools and will float tenders this

housing one-shift or two-shift schools. With the completion of the new buildings, the ministry's dependence on rented buildings will be

He said the expansion inschool was necessitated by the ever growing number of students and in an attempt to get rid of the

Tarawneh said the number of government schools in the King-

# Pension raise to cost

from the Social Security Corpora-SSC Director-General Mahdi Al

said that it provided financial benefits to 158,000 citizens since

Among those beneficiaries are and had to lose their jobs and some who received lumpsum compensation.

Farhan said that since 1980 the SSC had paid a total of JD 16 million in pension, JD 4.8 million to those injured and JD 56 million in impsum compensations. According to Farhan, a total of 554,872 citizens are now covered by the SSC, nearly 30 per cent of

Farhan said over the past 10 years of its existence SSC invested JD 297 million in a number of companies, shares, government bonds and hotels of which JD 52 million were invested dur-In October last year, the SSC ing last year alone.

### Trade union leader regrets ministry demand for election position on this issue. Yet the

AMMAN (J.T.) — Trade Unions Central Council President Abdul Halim Khaddam has said that the general councils of professional associations and the General Federation of Jordanian Trade Unions were the only sidesthat have the right to settle unions differ-

Reacting to a statement issued by Labour Minister Oaseem Obeidat on the need to hold new elections for the General Association of Land Transport Workers (GALTW), Khaddam said: "The union hoped that a meeting would be held with the minister minister's decision, despite its gravity, ignored the role of the general federation of Jordanian

Khaddam proposed forming a committee comprising presidents of various unions to look into means to settle all union prob-

GALTW President Mohammad Abdul Qader Hunaiti sent a memorandum to the minister of labour stressing the legitimacy of the unions internal adjustments and reviewed the achievements he attained after he assumed his

### public of 'treasure' **swindlers**

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Public Security Department (PSD) Monday announced that two groups have been posing as specialists in unearthing buried trea-

"The victims were all deceived by the two gangs who offered to find the gold and to sell it to those interested for prices far less than those on the local gold market," a police spokesman said in an interview with the Jordan News Agen-

gangs had their headquarters in the eastern districts of Mafrag where they used to lure their victims by offering them different pieces of gold at tempting prices. He said in one instance a piece

the gang to the victims for JD 40 in a bid to win their confidence. "Those pieces were in fact bought from local goldsmiths," he said.

for the gold the two groups would

He said the victims were at first afraid to report the matter to the police for fear of being implicated in cases with the government since the gangs had claimed that excavations were being conducted at archaeological sites

would claim they can find gold treasures left hidden in Jordan by the Turks, the spokesman said.

Once the victims had lost hope of retrieving their money as well as the gold, they began reporting cases to the police, he added.

The spokesman cited several cases in which the members of the two groups were able to rob thousands of citizens.

the courts for lack of evidence."

# not like to see 650 employees lose their jobs as a consequ-

sin explained. On Thursday, King Hussein ordered the 29 political prisoners freed to mark the first anniversary of the Arab Cooperation Council, which groups Jordan, Iraq, North Yemen and Egypt.

detainees.

A general amnesty, according to Jordanian law, is granted by the executive authority, and is endorsed by the King, and cancels the charges and sentences and erases their record. The Public Freedoms Committee is pressing the government for a general amnesty for the remaining political prisoners and detainees "as pledged by Prime Minister Mudar Badran during his vote of confidence address to the Lower House of Parliament," Yassin

Yassin said a recent study by his committee showed that the government still held 47 prisoners and eight detainees because of their affiliation with illegal political parties, illegal possession of arms or attempts to infiltrate into the Israeli-occupied territories.

The committee's study also indicated a few were convicted of more serious offences, including involvement in murder or attempted murder of political and military figures.

The Public Freedoms Committee also decided to set one day a week to receive complaints from the public during which at least two members of a sub-committee will be available to receive these com-

"As of next week, Saturdays have been set for receiving public complaints," Yassin said, adding that two members of the committee will be available from 3 p.m.

will include: veterinarian Mahdi Aqrabawi, geologist Awni Bataineh, pharmacist Raja Haddadin, lawyer Asma Khader, journalist Omar Abanda, pharmacist Sakha Shammas, geologist Awni Fakhouri, lawyer Yolla Haddadin, lawyer Mazin

nlaints

till 6 p.m. at the Professional Unions Complex. The 10-member committee

Irsheidat and writer Nimer' Sarhan.

### Ramtha residents complain in s parliance is about condition of roads

RAMTHA (J.T.) --- Residents of Ramtha, a northern town near the border with Syria, are complaining about the bad road condition in their town due to pits .va errup, de la and endless diggings, according to the Jordan News Agency, Pet-

deen Khaiq at The agency reported that most of the roads are now blockn as the Month ed and are causing traffic conges-Petra quoted Fawwaz Al Zoubi, the town's mayor, who supported the residents views and complaints, as saying he blamed the various authorities in charge

road construction for the un-

justified delay in the work.

"The municipality has been trying its best to reduce problems for the townspeople and has now allocated JD 200,000 to pave and asphalt part of the town streets. We made other allocations for maintenance and building culverts and ditches to drain rain water," the mayor said.

Zoubi urged the Water Authority of Jordan (WAI), the Telecommunications Corporation and the Irbid District Electricity Company to coordinate their plans with Ramtha municipality in order to speed up work and minimise the inconvenience.

### WHAT'S GOING ON **EXHIBITIONS**

- An exhibition of photos of plays directed by Chereau, Mesguich, Mnouchkine, Planchon and others, at the French Cultural Centre.
- ARKET PEKE A photographic exhibition entitled "Panorama 1989" at the elimal lage & gl Soviet Cultural Centre. \* An exhibition of paintings by Alia Ammoura, Nabila Hilmi and Nawal Abdullah at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation (10
  - 2.m. 5 p.m.). \* A photography exhibition by Samer Al Tai at the Yarmonk
  - An exhibition entitled "Twenty years of French contribution to studying Syrian archaeology" at the Institute of Anthropology and Archaeology at Yarmonk University.

An exhibition entitled "Models of the Jordanian plastic art" at

#### the Soviet Cultural Centre. LECTURES

- A lecture by Nelly Lama on "modern British scalptures" at the British Council — 6:00 p.m.
- A lecture entitled "The Development of the Dead Sea" by Dr. Mohammad Ataliah at the Goethe Institute - 7:00 p.m.

### FILMS

\* Two Soviet documentaries entitled "From the Bottom of the Heart" and: "Lenin and Georgia" at the Soviet Cultural Centre - 5:00 p.m.

#### 140 school buildings AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministhe remainder were rented buildtry of Education expects to take over 140 new school buildings The ministry's ten-year de-

Ministry to take over

now under construction before the end of 1990 in order to reduce its dependence on rented buildings which cost JD 1.25 million in rent every year, according to Barakat Al Tarawneh, director of

present have rented buildings

reduced to 15 per cent, down from 25 per cent at present, Tarawnch added.

two-shift schools.

of the 10-year development plan dom as 2,309, of which 1,765

which was approved by the 1987 first National Educational Con-

government.

# **SSC extra JD 500,000**

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Cabinet decision to raise the minimum pension paid to beneficiaries tion (SSC) from JD 30 to 40 will cost the corporation an extra JD 500,000 annually, according to

The Cabinet last Saturday took the decision, which will come into force as of the beginning of March, in order to help the needy groups of beneficiaries to cope with the cost of living, Farhan said. At least 2,251 people stand to benefit from this decision, which provides for raising minimum pensions to JD 48 a month for those who support wives and children. Those covered by the decision constitute 29.7 per cent of the total number of pensioners on the SSC's payroll, he said.

its inception in 1980.

workers who sustained injuries In his statement Monday

whom are non-Jordanians.

### NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

### House panel discusses NMI law

AMMAN (Petra) — The Health and Environment Safety Committee of the Lower House of Parliament held a meeting Monday and discussed the National Medical Institution (NMI) law. The meeting, chaired by committee head Dr. Ahmad Innab, was attended by Minister of Health Mohammad Al Zaben and the president of the Jordan Medical Association as well as the deans of the faculties of medicine at the University of Jordan and Jordan University for Science and Technology.

### 7 killed, 151 hurt on the road in 1 week

AMMAN (Petra) - Seven people were killed and 151 were injured in 177 road accidents that occurred in the Kingdom during the first week of February, according to a statistical bulletin issued Monday by the Traffic Department. The bulletin said that the accidents ranged from knocking down pedestrians to collision between vehicles in different areas. The bulletin noted that the total number of accidents increased in that week by 24 over the number of accidents in the previous week, causing 37 more injuries. The number of dead in the first week of February was less by six from the previous week. Amman accounted for 110 of them, while the rest took place in Zarqa, Balqa, Irbid, Karak, Maan and Mafraq districts, the bulletin added. It said that nonadherence to traffic regulations and excessive speed were behind most accidents.

### No Alcohol on Thursday and Friday

AMMAN (Petra) — All liquour stores, pubs, bars and night clubs in Amman will be closed effective Thursday evening until Saturday morning in observance of Al Israa Wal Mirai, according to a dicision made by Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin.

# of labour so as to reach a unified Meeting opens on

soil solarisation

AMMAN (J.T.) — Delegates from Arab and foreign countries Monday embarked on the first international conference on soil solarisation at the University of Jordan to review modern methods of exploiting solar energy to deal with soil-related prob-

The three-day conference, which is attended by 80 delegates. will review a total of 60 working papers dealing with modern technology in soil solarisation and help yield bumper crops at less cost and reduced use of chemical pesticides, according to conference sources.

The opening session was addressed by Minister of Agriculture Suleiman Arabiyat, who noted that despite intensive efforts solar energy applications in this regard were still far below the aspirations and expectations.

"The world hopes that solar energy can be fully exploited with a view to increasing agricultural production at lower costs and to help confront challenges and the widening gap between demand and supply of agricultural products," the minister added.

ing nations which face a shortage of foreign currency to finance food imports to rely more on technology to increase food production, the minister said. University President Mahmoud

It is incumbent upon develop-

Al Samra noted in a speech that the Arab World annually imports 60 per cent of its food needs from foreign countries.

Estimates indicate that by the end of the century, the Arab Nation's revenues from oil can hardly be sufficient to pay for imported food.

A representative of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), which is cosponsoring the conference, noted in a speech that soil-borne pests were the first that plants encounter before and after seed germination and that the situation necessitates the development of effective control measures.

Dr. Mahmoud Al Taher said successful integrated pest management programmes have to take into consideration two important elements: crop sanitation and soil sanitation.

He said that the conference aims to discuss and illustrate available technology on soil solarisation as an integrated method for improving plant health, growth and yield in arid agriculture and as a safe, cheap and effective alternative to chemical treatment.

The participants are expected Jordan's Faculty of Agriculture.

# **PSD** warns

sures and swindling people.

The agency said that the two of gold worth JD 60 was sold by

According to the spokesman, the second step involved demanding large sums of money. reaching in some cases JD 40,000.

"Several people were taken in by the swindlers' bids but the PSD was able to block many other attempts and to foil the groups' plans," the spokesman

which is forbidden. Members of the two groups

"What is more disappointing," to visit the Jordan Valley to he said, "is that the majority of examine agricultural experiments | the two groups is still at large conducted by the University of since they had been acquitted by

## Jordan Times

جوران تايمز يومية عربية سياسية مستلقة تصهر بالإنجليزية عن الإسمة الصحابة الإرهنية

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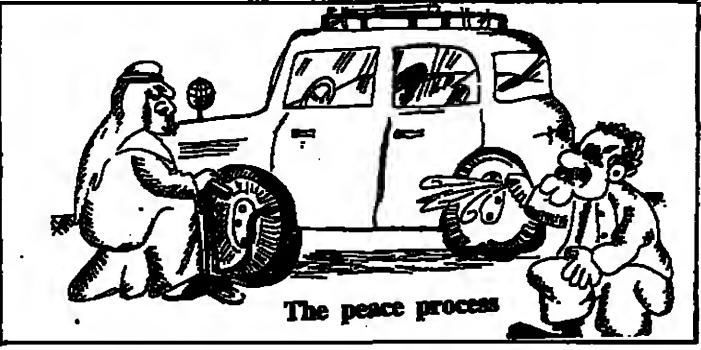
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### Time for American action, now

THE DECISION of the U.S. to abstain Friday on a resolution submitted to the United Nations Human Rights Commission (UNHRC) on human rights calling on Israel not to settle Soviet Jews in "Palestinian and Arab" territories casts a shadow on Washington's intentions on the entire Arab-Israeli conflicts. Not that the lonely U.S. vote in the commission changed anything as far as the commission's resolution was concerned. What is disturbing is the implications of that U.S. stance on the occupied territories and what it would mean when the United Nations Security Council convenes Wednesday to debate the entire issue of Jewish immigration from the Soviet Union to Israel. If in fact there is an erosion in the American position on Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 and on the issue of Israeli settlements on the West Bank, then the Arab World has an entirely new situation that it must deal with, whatever the consequences. The U.S. abstention in the U.N. vote has indeed raised important questions, some of which were asked by His Majesty King Hussein in his interview with the Washington Post two days ago. Are there doubts in the mind of the U.S. government that the occupied territories are not Israeli territories and that Israel cannot populate them at will with newly-arrived immigrants from the Soviet Union or anywhere else for that matter?

There is little room for the U.S. to evade the question since, regardless of what Israel says publicly, it is clear that it is not only a question of "absorbing the world Jews into Israel" but also of long-term dangers posed to the Palestinians, Jordan and the Arab World. If the U.S. is indeed sincere in its avowed intention to see a just and comprehensive peace settlement in the Middle East, then the time is to act now to remove the Israeli-imposed hurdles in the way to such a goal. Until and unless such a move materialises out of Washington, American intentions will remain suspect.



### JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

Jordanian Arabic daily newspapers Monday carried editorials full of criticism of Washington's stand vis-a-vis the Arab Nation in general and the Palestinians in particular.

Al Ra'i daily said that the United States abstinence from voting on a United Nations human rights commission's resolution on the right of the Palestinian people in their homeland can only reflect Washington's hostility towards the Arab states. The justification for Washington's stand as given by the U.S. representative was so naive and reflects bad intentions on the part of the U.S. administration, the paper added. It is clear, said the paper, that Washington's stand represents an open hostility towards the rights of the Palestinians in their own homeland from which they had been turned away for so long. Does not the present American administration realise that Israel occupied Palestinian land since 1967? asked the paper. The paper, which was commenting on King Hussein's statement in the Washington Post, said that it seems Washington has adopted a new policy towards U.N. Security Council Resolution 242, and does not any more support Israel's withdrawal from the occupied Arab lands. Thus it is clear that Washington has decided to close the door for good before any peace efforts and has given its approval for the settlement of Jewish immigrants in occupied Palestinian land, the paper said.

Writing in Al Ra'i Arabic daily columnist Tareq Masarwels calls on Iraq and Jordan to review their decision for creating a joint air force training squadron and instead create a joint Jordanian-Iraqi-Syrian land and air corps that can match the Israel forces and deal them a beavy defeat. The writer says that the Iraqis who came out victorious from an eight-year long war with Iran, seems to be better armed and more ready for any combat by air and on the ground. This Arab power can be put to deal with the common threats posed by Israel and threatening the whole Arab Nation and the Arab Order, says the writer. A national corps is needed to defend the whole Arab World and not only Jordan, Syria and Iraq which together stand in a confrontation line in the face of the common enemy, the writer continues. Masarweh says that Israel has committed a grave blunder by raiding the nuclear reactor in Baghdad, because it opened the door for Iraq to develop its weapons and to meet the technological and military challenges. The writer urges the Arab press everywhere to drum up the idea of forming a united Arab front after reconciliation between Damascus and Baghdad and to create a solid unity in the face of the aggressors.

'Al Dustour commented on King Hussein's statement in the Washington Post in which he criticised the United States for going back on its promises in helping to implement U.N. Security Council Resolution 242. That resolution, the paper said deals with the core of the Arab-Israeli conflict and, if implemented, can no doubt bring about peace to the area, the paper noted. What we know is that the United States had declared its support for the Resolution 242 as a basis for peace, but its attitudes say otherwise. the paper noted. It said that Washington has been encouraging and supporting the migration of Soviet Jews to Palestine, and has lately abstained from voting on a resolution on Palestinian human rights. This attitude, said the paper, indicates beyond doubt that Washington has now adopted a new policy towards the Arabs at a time when it realises that it is Israel's current atrocities in the occupied lands which prevent the establishment of peace.

# De Klerk, Mandela work together for peace

By Barry Renfrew The Associated Press

JOHANNESBURG, South Africa — From completely different worlds, Nelson Mandela and President f.w. de Klerk are trying to find a common ground be-tween South Africa's whites and blacks in hopes of bringing peace

to their country. Despite opposition and threats from opponents and extremists on both sides, the two men are forming an unlikely alliance in their quest to end centuries of racial conflict and replace whiteminority rule with a power-sharing arrangement.

De Klerk is head of the party that created apartheid to enforce white rule forever. Mandela endured 27 years in prison for fighting white-minority rule.

The white leader comes from a background of wealth and privilege. Mandela lived amid the poor black masses, struggling to get an education and then throwing himself into the fight against apartheid.

"Mr. de Klerk and Mr. Mandela have established a relationship that could be the key in a society so rigidly divided by race politics," said former U.S. presidential candidate Jesse Jackson after seeing the two men.

In a bold attempt to start negotiations on ending white-minority rule and sharing power with blacks, de Klerk legalised the African National Congress (ANC) and other black opposition groups and on Feb. 11 released Mandela. The black leader has responded with peace gestures of his own.

In what promises to be an equally important step, the African National Congress, the main anti-apartheid group, announced from its headquarters in Zambia Friday that it would send delegates for peace talks with de

Many South Africans have been deeply impressed by the resolution and vision of Mandela and de Klerk. After years of werrying

about an uncertain future, the two men have created hope that the country's divisions can be

Jubilant blacks celebrating Mandela's release showed a new attitude to the white government by chanting, "viva comrade de

The two men have expressed admiration for each other and reportedly have established a personal rapport.

Mandela and de Klerk say South Africa's many ethnic and tribal groups must sit down and work out a new future where the rights of all are ensured or face the threat of war.

Mandela, while saying he supports continued armed struggle against the apartheid system, has stressed the need for compromise. Since his release, Mandela has said he is willing to negotiate on everything, including the longstanding black demand of oneman, one-vote and full demo-

"Compromise must be made in respect to every issue, as long as that compromise is in the interest not only of one population group, but the country as a whole," he said in an interview.

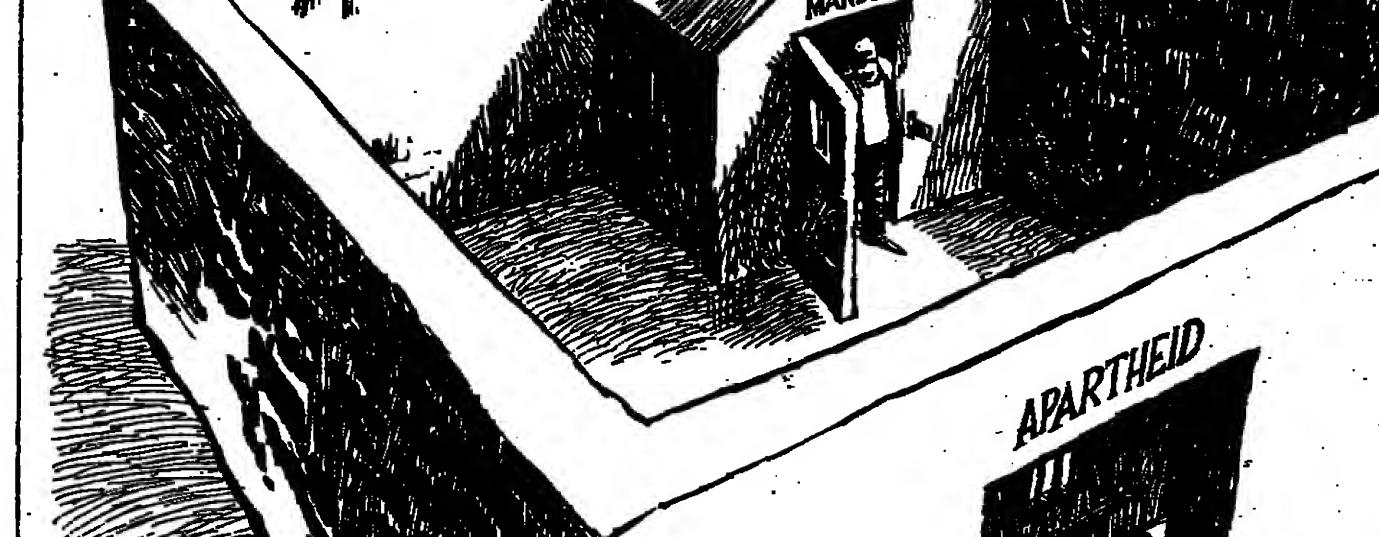
He has repeatedly stressed that whites face no threat in a democratic South Africa.

De Klerk also stresses compromise. "All of ne now have an opportunity and the responsibility to prove that we are capable of a peaceful process in creating a new South Africa," he said.

But de Klerk and Mandela will need far more than good intentions to solve the enormous problems confronting South Africa. The two sides are far apart on most of the major issues.

The governing National Party says it opposes majority rule because the 5 million whites would be swamped by the 28 million blacks. Government leaders favour a constitution based on "group rights" where the whites would retain some hold on

Mandela has said economic



and social divisions are just as big a problem as political inequality. South Africa's wealth is concentrated in white hands, and most blacks still live in squalid townships or barren rural areas, struggling to survive.

"Our people need proper housing, not ghettos... our people need a living wage," Mandela

But while many whites want a political solution, there are few signs that they are willing to give up their high standards of living and accept a major redistribution

Many whites want to keep segregated neighbourhoods, schools and other facilities, but blacks want rapid change and integration.

The two leaders also face opposition from within their own ranks. Black and white hardliners oppose any kind of peaceful compromise.

The pro-apartheid Conservative Party is attempting to rally whites to oust de Klerk and force new elections. Up to 40,000 angry whites marched in Pretoria Feb. 15 as the Conservatives began a campaign to halt the govern-

Germans East and West were

able to embrace, all smiles and

-. That they were able to do so

was partly due to Herbert

Wehner's untiring efforts to

maintain the inner cohesion of

many in its historic context and

was outdone by some in his critic-

I have ground for personal

gratitude. When he and Willy

As a patriot he viewed Ger-

the German people.

al love of his fatherland.

ment's reforms. "It's a complete capitulation:

When the time comes and they want to enforce black Communist government on the whites, they will have to do it by force. We won't accept it peacefully," said Koos van der Merwe, a spokesman for the Coservatives, who iong accused ANC leaders of being Communists.

The government for many years has depicted the ANC as a Communist-controlled terrorist group, although in recent months it has appeared to have refrained from using the labels.

Black opposition groups are also split. Groups such as the pan African Congress have used slogans such as, "one (white) settler, one bullet" and traditional tribal leaders oppose any settlement that would deprive them of

De Klerk and Mandela will have to retain substantial support in their respective constituencies as they begin to make concessions at the negotiating table. They are likely to need all of their strength and skills to retain support and preserve stability in the months

tional election observers, UNO

has repeatedly said it fears the

Sandinistas could try to steal the

Interior Minister Tomas

Borge, a Sandinista hardliner,

responded by saying the police

would punish anyone who tried to

get close to polling centres after

He also accused the UNO of

planning to use armed "shock

groups" to provoke violence on

election day and indicated the

government could give its suppor-

ters power to combat trouble-

already using violence against

Sandinista supporters. One

woman wearing clothes with San-

dinista slogans had been forced to

strip at gunpoint by UNO mili-

tants and another woman was

President Daniel Ortega called

on Godoy last week to clarify

a statement that UNO would

"make the Sandinistas pay" if it

won the elections. He said the

Sandinistas could also make

UNO pay by turning its leaders'

Opposition leaders suggested

that the government was using

tough language because it had

been rattled by a surge in support

UNO's campaign, lacklustre in

steam recently and its rallies are

A Western diplomat said UNO

leaders had privately expressed

fears that the government could

provoke violence on election

night as a pretext for halting the

and said he believed the govern-

ment's tough language was a tac-

tic to place the blame on the

opposition if there were any out-

Violence ran counter to the

But he dismissed these fears

polt if UNO was winning.

now attracting huge and enthu-

the early stages, has gathered

for UNO in recent weeks.

stastic crowds.

homes into children's centres.

Borge said UNO activists were

election through fraud.

voting closed.

beaten, he said.

makers.

# Herbert Wehner, an impassioned German Social Democrat advocate of common sense

One of the great figures of German Social Democracy, Herbert Wehner, has died at the age of 83. This appreciation was written ; by former Social Democrat chancellor, Helmut Schmidt, now an executive editor of the weekly paper, Die Zeit.

HUNDREDS of thousands of Social Democrats have leason to be grateful to Herbert Wehner who died on Jan. 19, aged 83. Millions of Germans greatly regretted, while respecting, his inevitable decision to retire from politics in 1983 — and now remember him with nostalgia.

I loved him, even though he was a rough diamond and despite what at times were unacceptable. uncontrolled outbreaks of temperament and his occasional vituperative insults.

For he was a great man, an instinctive patriot, an unfailing advocate of the downtrodden and oppressed, and a democrat as a result of the most bitter personal experience in the first half of his

He was a Social Democrat par excellence.

He joined the Communist Party in Saxony in 1927 as a 21-yearold, stayed in Germany until 1935, then emigrating and working in many European countries, as he had in Germany, for the Communist cause. He was later involved in in-

fighting among German Communist émigrés in Moscow. During the war, while impris-

oned in Sweden in 1942, he abandoned Communism; initially, perhaps, for survival's sake but later because he had experienced and learnt democracy.

For at least 20 years he suffered bitterly from being suspected both coincidentally and intentionally, of being a fellowtraveller.

I first met him in Hamburg in 1946 when he was closely associated with the first post-war SPD leader. Kurt Schumacher. Schumacher fascinated me too,

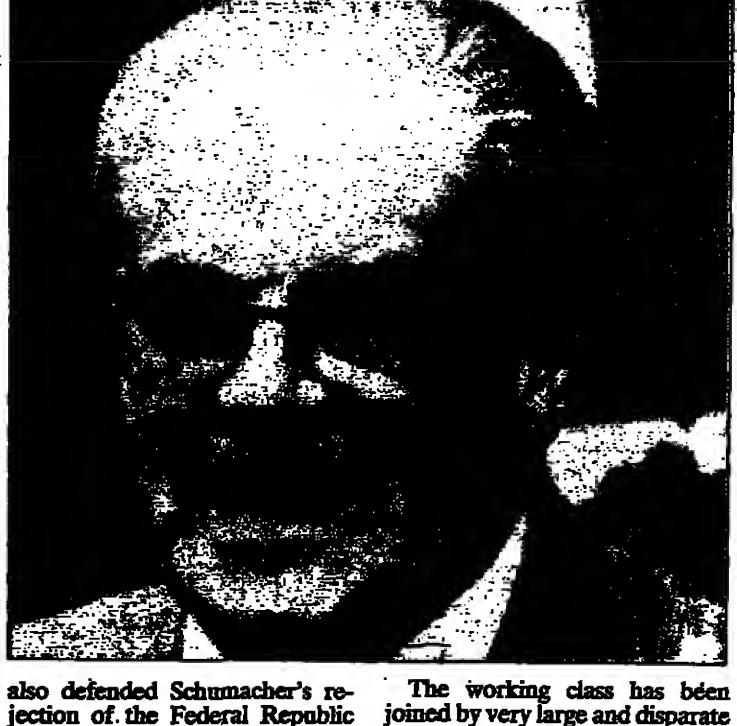
although his nationalist pathos Wehner, in contrast, who was working as a journalist at the Social Democratic Hamburger

Echo, did not seem to be upset by the SPD leader's nationalism. Both were glowing patriots yet at the same time internationalists in keeping with generations of

Social Democratic tradition. Schumacher had realised sooner than Wehner that Stalin was subtly and brutally exploiting traditional socialist internationalism for the sake of his own Soviet imperialism.

I well remember Schumacher's axiom that Communists were just "red-painted Fascists."

Wehner unconditionally defended Schumacher, who was seriously disabled in the war. He



jection of the Federal Republic -joining Western Europe — because that would finalise the divison of Germany.

Yet eight years after Schumacher's death, on June 30, 1960, Herbert Wehner, partly influenced by his friend Jean Monnet, acknowledged the fait accompli of European integration on the SPD's behalf.

Leading Social Democrats such as Ernst Reuter. Carlo Schmidt and Fritz Erler baved the way for this decision, but it was Herbert Wehner who took it, with an uncommonly sure instinct for political necessity and for the right moment.

His political instinct was what prompted him to pave the way for the Grand Coalition (of Christian and Social Democrats) in the early 1960s. It was formed five years later, in December 1966.

It also prompted him to ensure that nursery in which socialist ideas the statute of limitations did not allow Nazi killers to get off scotfree. It prompted him to intervene vehemently whenever workmg people's interests, their social security or industrial democracy

were at stake. Webner's identification with the working class was fundamental. University graduates and teachers now occasionally refer to the working class movement as an important and instructive historic phenomenon they have read about and studied. For Herbert Wehner it was part of his

own life. The role of the working class changed in the course of his life. Its social status, its standard of living and the prospects of advancement for working class children all changed very much for the better.

They did so largely due to the SPD and to its parliamentary party leader Herbert Weimer.

Brandt urged me to take the

groups of white-collared workers

and civil servants. The working

But the fact remains that a

state in which the working class

does not play a formative role is

impossible, and would definitely

be unbearable, in the long run.

fact, and working people always

sensed it, whether in the Ruhr or

in his Hamburg constituency. No-

where were Social Democrats

more attached to him than in the

the middle of his life by the time

he joined the SPD. He was keen

to leave a great deal behind him

when he broke with Communism.

but he didn't need to break with

the historic origins of the idea on

which Socialism was based, the

hardship of the working class, the

flourished and the solidarity of

neither have wanted nor have

been able to do so.

He didn't need to; he would

Yet he was a prime mover

when the 1959 Godesberg Man-

ifesto transformed the SPD from

a class-based to a mass-based

popular party, a move some Mar-

xists mistakenly criticised as a

through to a realistic assessment

of the economic, social, domestic

and foreign policy changes Ger-

many had undergone, would not

have succeeded when it did had it

not been for Herbert Wehner's

Last year, as a late consequ-

ence of the 1966-72 Bonn's

treaties with East Bloc states, of

the 1975 Helsinki Final Act, of

our staunch support for Western

integration and, last not least, of

Mr. Gorbachev's glasnost policy,

political instinct.

Godesberg, the SPD's break-

betrayal of the working class.

Wehner had almost reached

working class.

the working class.

Welmer was well aware of the

class itself has subdivided.

defence portfolio in 1969 I was most reluctant, being well aware of the SPD's pacifist leanings, which have often enough led it to naively reject the armed forces. I eventually agreed, on condition that Herbert Wehner was made by successor as parliamentary party leader. I know he would defend me, the first SPD

Democratic snipers. He had been a cabinet minister, and willingly so, but agreed - and lived up to my expecta-

defence minister, from Social

Later, during my eight years as federal chancellor, he repeatedly kept me free from SPD cross-fire, and I often followed his advice.

Longstanding talk of an SPD leadership troika pleased neither Willy Brandt nor Herbert Wehner nor me too much. In reality we were very different individuals. But I always relied on Wehner and was never let We had naturally had earlier

disagreements, in the 1950s and 1960s. "Uncle Herbert" was never avuncular; he was argumentative. But he was a true friend. Years ago the journalist Rolf Zundel equated Wehner and Adenauer, and rightly so. But he added, writing on Wehner's 80th birthday, that:

"He never did succeed in resolving the primal contradiction of politics, the contradiction between power and humanity; he embodied it." Again, rightly so. On the very

same day Franz Josef Stranss. who for years had been at the receiving end of Wehner's sharp tongue, wrote: "I have always seen Herbert

a great deal of others because he spared himself least of all." "I'll take it all in my stride," I often heard Wehner say. He was tough, and often made only gradual headway. But he did the SPD cause and the German peo-

Wehner as a man who strictly did

his duty and was able to demand

ple good. He did so as a sound judge of what was possible, as an impassioned advocate of common sense, with a will to be responsible — and in unswerving loyalty to the fundamental values of Basic Law, the 1949 Bonn con-

# violence in

By Adrian Croft Renter

MANAGUA - With both main contenders in next Sunday's Nicaragnan elections convinced they will win and suspicious of their opponents; fears are growing that voting could be marred

by violence. "There is tension and I think this tension will increase," Antonio Lacayo, campaign manager for the national opposition union. known as UNO, told a news conference.

"We have to act maturely to stop this tension leading to things we don't want to happen in Nicaragua," he said.

The campaign reached new levels of bitterness last week with the ruling Sandinistas and the UNO, their main opponents, accusing each other of having shadowy plans for violence, fraud or revenge after the elections. The leftist Sandinistas, in pow-

er since a 1979 revolution, and the U.S.-backed UNO, a 14-party alliance, have each said they are certain they will triumph at the polls. Some diplomats said the im-

pression among many opposition followers that the UNO could only lose through fraud could create a dangerous situation. The government has also ac-

cused U.S.-backed contra rebels. who have fought a nine-year guerrilla war against the Sandinistas, of planning to disrupt the The Honduras-based contras

said last week that the Sandinista

army was preparing to launch an offensive on election day and their fighters were on alert to UNO vice-presidential candidate Virgilio Godoy told Reuters

last week that the Sandinistas planned to send their supporters into the streets late on election If they did so, Godoy said,

UNO would call on its supporters to congregate at polling centres when voting closed to "defend the validity of their votes." "The Sandinistas are promot-

ing an attempt to disrupt order on election day and we are not going to remain impassive," Godov Despite some 1,500 interna-

government's desire to have the elections certified fair by international observers, he said. He said only one person has

breaks of violence.

Opposition leaders said heads of international observer missions should intervene with both major parties to call for calm.

been killed in election violence so

far, low by Latin American stan-

# Parties fear Nicaraguan elections

# RSS is nucleus for 5th university—Mulki

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Royal Scientific Society (RSS) was established in 1970, upon a Royal Docroe, as a national research and development institution to work in scientific and technological fields related to the development process in Jordan, capecially the industrial sector, It was at disseminating awareness in the scientific and technological fields, and at providing specialised tech-nical services to the public and private sectors. RSS seeks to develop scientific and technological cooperation ties with similar institutions at the Arab and international levels. Its aims and objectives were set up to cope with these prospects.

On the legal status of RSS, Dr. Hani Mulici, President of RSS. said: "RSS was a national independent institution, non-governmental non-public, ever since its emergence until 1987, when the interior law Number 30 of the Higher Council for Science and Technology (HCST) was enacted. According to this law. HCST was authorised to establish scientific and technological research centres affiliated to it. RSS became one of these centres and, therefore, the authorities of the then Board of Trastees of RSS were transferred to HCST. "RSS made the necessary official contacts to interpret this law and accordingly identify its legal status. The by-law of RSS will then be amended to comply with the final interpretation of the aforesaid law," Mulki said.

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ing closed.

Concerning financing sources available to RSS, Mulki said, "the financing of RSS is derived from research and study comments that RSS carries out for various institutions; self-generated revenues from laboratory tests and specialised scientific consultations it provides; the technical assistance it receives from some advanced countries such as West Germany, Japan, Switzerland, Canada, and international organisations such as the European Community and United Nations organisations; donations from Arab countries such as United Arab Emirates, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Quter and Iraq, in addition to the annual grant provided

by the Jordan's government." The number of local institutions that RSS dealt with during the last ten years is about 500 institutions. During that perjod RSS carried out about two million laboratory tests on materials and products in the fields of foodstuff, chemicals, building materials, electric, electronic and mechanical products, leather, paper, textile... etc. The figures show that RSS, with its memorone capabilities, plays a major role in these fields as the scientific planning it adopts responds to the actual needs of Jordan, and overlooks the academic aspects which are covered by the institutions

dealing with higher education. Mulki pointed out that "to meet Jordan's needs for specialists in the field of computer software, RSS established in 1976 Princess Sumaya College for Informatics, a community college that graduates about sixty stadents every year. In addition, RSS organises specialised training courses in its various fields ofcompetence in which specialists from the public and private institutions participate.

"At present" Mulki said "RSS is considering the possibility of upgrading Princess Sumaya College to become a four-year university college granting a bachefor of science degree in com-

Mulki said that RSS can even play a more efficient role in servme the industrial acctor in Jordan through improving the products and enhancing the productivity of this sector, if the government's semeral grant is increased to J.D. one million instead of the carrons ID 300,009. This becomes a more evident demand if we take into consideration that RSS was unable, during the last ten years, to cover its spendings from its re-venues. This situation led RSS to borrow from local banks throughout that period, and consequently the total RSS debts including the accumulated interests reached JD 4 million. Mulki added that there are 547 employees in RSS; 38 of them are Ph.D bolders, 62 are M.A. holders, 22 are diploma bolders, 49 are community colloge graduates and 134 are of those who completed their secondary education. On whether there could be a

contradiction between the Higher Council for Science and Technology and the RSS, Mulki said: HCST is a body concerned with setting up the overall policy and suitable strategy for science and technology. HCST defines the priorities, programmes and plans which are executed by the scientric centres attitiated to it. Being the most important of these centres, RSS works with its fellow contres to implement the plans of HCST. However, RSS receives some support from HCST to carry out scientific and technological projects falling within the HCSTplans and priorities. Thus, RSS complements HCST and does not contradict with it. In other words, the relation between RSS and HCST is the same complementary and natural relation that was held previously between RSS and its Board of Trustees.

### Enhance development

On means of exploiting RSS technological services to enhance Jordan's development process and solving its problems Mulki said, "Let me provide you with a summary on that." In the field of food testing and determination of extent of contamination with - radiomiclides, RSS played a major role in protecting citizens from the dangers of radiation -particularly after the Chemobyl incident — through maintaining a continuous control on foodstuffs imported from Europe, using its qualified cadres and well-equipthat such food was radiation free and in compliance with international standards. The RSS also prepared standards and specifications related to various aspects of safety in the Kingdom.

In the field of using nuclear radiation for peaceful purposes such as non-destructive testing (NDT), RSS experts carried out several projects related to testing water pipes including the Deir Alla-Auman pipeline; hence the non-Jordanian expertise in this field was excluded. RSS, furthcrmore, trains employees of national companies in the field of NDT. These companies, consequently, conduct technological projects in neighbouring Arab countries based on technology acquired from RSS.

In the field of water resources protection from pollution, RSS

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designing and installing a large number of wastewater treatment plants. Realising that technological progress accessitates conriance efficiency of equipment, RSS paid special attention to clectronic maintenance, thus saving the country from spending modey on substitute equipment. The RSS also paid special atten-tion to calibration of electronic equipment which used to be conducted in industrial countries

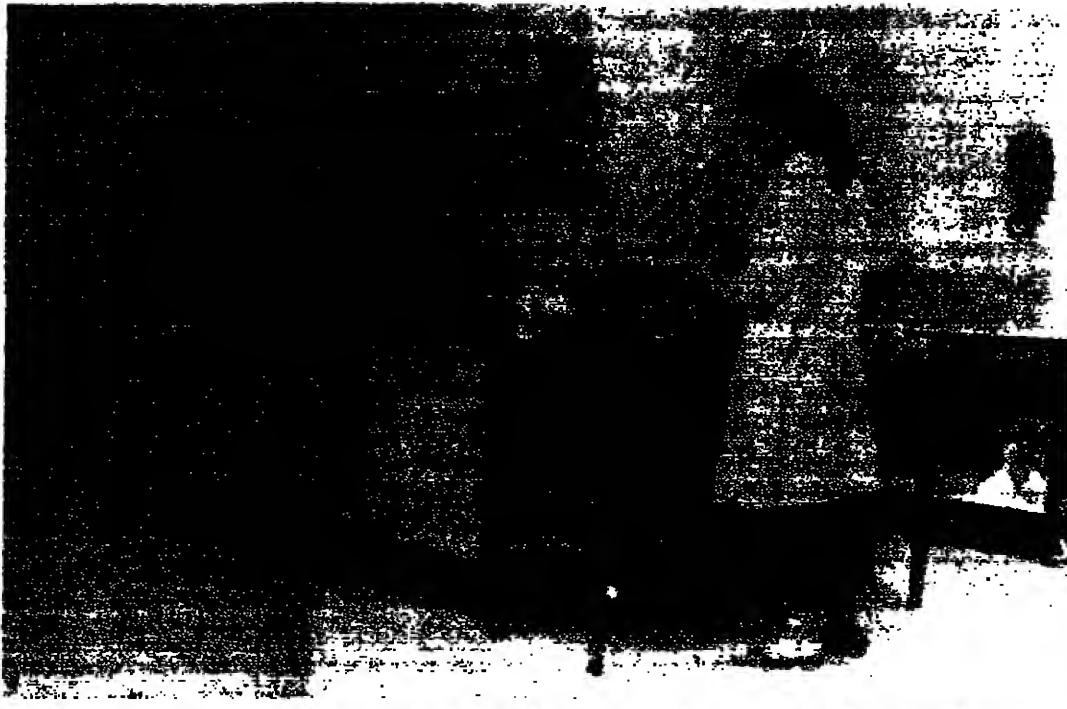
only. That is why, RSS trained necessary cadres, acquired advanced equipment, and consequently became capable of pro-viding distinguished services in this field. These services excccded Jordanian establishments and covered others in Arab countries. RSS also promoted its acti-vities by monitoring and examining building materials as well as providing consultancy services to attain the required good stan-

### Renewable energy

Jordan played a distinguished role in the field of renewable energy. Experts of some industrial countries regarded Jordan as one of the most suitable countries for renewable energy applications owing to the efforts RSS exerted this field. Jordan was one of the leading countries that used renewable energy on commercial bases. This includes designing solar water heaters, and installing wind and solar energy stations in the desert for water pumping.

These stations were designed and crected by RSS employees. The RSS efforts and achievements in the field of renewable energy applications prompted the German government to choose Jordan as one of ten countries to implement the Worldwide Photovoltaic Testing Programme. RSS also received a donation of five million marks from West Germany to enable it to participate in this programme which includes providing expertise and training programmes for the developing countries as well as designing and installing the required suitable equipment.

In the field of computer applications and information, RSS was the first establishment that used computer in various fields. This included providing consultancy services, assisting in setting up standards for the purchase of computer sets to the private and



A 1985 file photo of a unit at the RSS's research laboratory (above) and below a general view of the society's site.



public sectors, as well as training employees from various institutions, and preparing computer programmes. This, in turn, enabled Jordan to avoid employing foreign experts and companies in

RSS is the only accredited body. in Jordan as a scientific and technical information centre within

the framework of the Jordan National Information System. Within this context, RSS coordinates scientific information and provides it to decision-makers and researchers. In this field, RSS cooperates with the concerned parties in the Arabisation of terminals and developing educational software. The training

programme at Princess Sumaya College for Informatics was one of the most important programmes through which RSS could provide institutions using computer sets with their requirement of trained cadres. Almost every institution in Jordan has at least one employee who had got his training is this field at RSS.

# Saving the world's climate

By Anii Markandya

THE global environmental issues facing us today, of global warming, loss of the ozone layer, biodiversity and protection of Antarctica, pose serious scien-tific, technological and political challenges. Whereas the scientific and industrial communities are responding to the first two of these, the third is still inadequately addresed.

How can the costs of protecting

the environment be shared among countries; and what institutions are needed to cope with the many complex economic, legal and social issues that arise? Take, for example, the control of substances that deplete the ozone layer. An agreement was hammered out under the auspices of the United Nations Environ-1987 in Montreal, Canada, reduce the emissions of CFCs and halons in a phased manner. with developing countries being given longer to achieve given reductions.

Forty-six nations signed this protocol and 39 have now ratified it. But populous countries such as India, China and Brazil have not signed. Their argument is that the current problem is of the rich countries' making and they do not see why their development should suffer as a result. If they are to participate, they

need to be compensated. How can this be done? First we need to decide what it

is that will require compensation and then we have to find a suitable mechanism for making that compensation.

Compensation will arise because developing countries will find themselves making and using more expensive substitutes to replace the CFCs and halons; because they will need to adapt the technology that employs these substances, for example the refrigeration industry, the production of foam and the like; and because some of the capital equipment that they need to import for their economic development - like refrigerated transport and industrial refrigeration - will be more expensive. The total amount of compensa-

tion required for these purposes has not been estimated in detail but the indications are that it will run into hundreds of millions of dollars.

The richer countries, particu-

larly the U.S. and the U.K., oppose the proliferation of international institutions, complaining that there are too many bureaucrats and international bodies already.

However, if such funds are to be dispensed justly and efficiently, the capacity of some existing institution will have to be considerably enhanced. Bureaucrats

will be needed and they will have

an important and difficult task. It is relatively unimportant whether we create a separate agency or increase the functions of an existing one. More important is that it functions to please most of its clients — the donors and recipients - most of the time. That will not be an easy

The Montreal Protocol addresses only a small part of the ment Programme (UNEP) in environmental problem. The greenhouse effect is a much bigger one and will probably entail enormous transfers from the richer to the poorer nations.

> The kind of institution that is appropriate will also depend on how we decide to make the transfers. If there is to be a one-off compensation payment then a legal secretariat, with technological and economic backing, is probably appropriate. But if the transfers are to be based on a continuing estimate of the costs of compliance then we may need more innovative institutions.

One mechanism that could combine the goals of efficiency and equity is the use of tradeable permits. If each country were to be given permits to, say, emit carbon dioxide in accordance with its size, and if the total number of such permits were to be limited to less than what is currently being emitted, then the richer countries would have to "buy" permits from the poorer.

Such transfers would have the property of being effective in reducing the emissions at least cost, and the advantage of not being regarded as mere handouts" from the rich to the poor. To implement such a scheme,

however, would require a new kind of institution: a cross between a commodities exchange and the Bank for International Settlements. An alternative would be to introduce a carbon tax, with agreed diffferentials between countries, and to use the proceeds to subsidise technological development in the less developed countries. — PANOS

# Algerian rai stars playing to an international audience

By Philip Shehadi Reuter

ORAN, Algeria — Algerian rai star Houari Benchenet, hardpressed during a short break between gigs in Paris and Algiers, looked at his watch and asked: "Have you finished the inter-

Benchenet has had little time to spare since an international andience hungry for ethnic-based world music" discovered Algeria's vibrant blend of African thythm and Western pop.

Born in the brothels and caberets of this mediterranean port in the 1920s when women who lost their men in the first world war sang the blues to Arab flutes and drums, rai is gaining fans abroad even as its popularity

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at home has peaked. rendered many services including "We're out to conquer world

markets with a mixture of the Arab and the Western," said Amar Belahcene, manager of another rai star, 23-year-old Cheb Mami.

Benchenet is preparing his first recording for a French label Cheb Mami, after sold-out dates in clubs in New York and Montreal last year, is set to record soon in Los Angeles.

Cheb Khaled, called the "king of rai" by Algerians, released a landmark recording last year with U.S.-trained Algerian jazzman Safy Boutella that incorporated synthesizers.

A 1986 rai festival in Bobigny on the outskirts of Paris, marked the sound's international debut and some music writers have since called it the "reggae of the

Rai swept Algeria in the 1980s, bursting out of Oran's working-

class neighbourhoods to captivate North African youth with its raw. sensual energy and provocative

Its pulsating beat still blares from street corners, car radios and nightclubs in this most freewheeling and open of Algerian cities, voicing the frustrations of millions of downtrodden young

At its birth in the 1920s, when Oran was a vibrant French colonial port, "rai" meant misfortune in the local Arab dialect and the young men, or "cheb," who revived the genre in the 1950s vented their own.

"Rai expresses all the frustrations of Algerian vonth, everything it lacks — love, freedom and a job," said Zubeidah Hagami, a professor at the University of Oran.

Lyrics were by Arab standards

so sexually explicit that rai was banned from Algerian airwaves until 1986, a year after the music won official backing at a festival in Oran attended by more than 200,000 people.

Once regarded as dangerous subversives for singing about unemployment and corruption, rai singers are now seen as hot export commodities earning badly needed hard currency. But the lyrics have been toned

down as musicians sought respectability at home and an audience overseas. "The forbidden fruit side is

gone. The subversive side has softened, there is even a petit bourgeois spirit," said Hadi Saim, a professor at Oran's music conscivatory.

Benchenet started singing rai in the mid-1970s, accompanied by violin, accordian and drums. "We

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would gather in the neighbourbood to sing and enjoy ourselves," he said. "We went to weddings to listen to the chebs and chebaats (young women)." Today's rai bands use electric

bass, guitar and organ and increasingly seek out modern studios abroad to upgrade the tinny sound of local cassettes with rich Western arrangements. Elements of jazz, reggae and

the latest Western dance music are woven into rhythms.

"The most important thing is that someone who does not understand the Arabic words can still like the music," Benchenet

As rai gains momentum abroad, however, domestic cassette sales are down and Mami. Khaled and other stars have moved to France, home to nearly a million Algerian immigrants.

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Purists say the musicians can blame only themselves for their fading popularity at home, saying the new rai is too commercial.

The rise of Islamic fundamentalism is another factor. while economic problems have left Algerians with little to spend on tapes or music clubs. An official involved in promot-

ing rai in Oran said a large number of the youths who thronged the first festival in 1985 may have joined the country's burgeoning fundamentalist movement — and traded rai for cassettes of Koranic readings.

One singer has become a muezzin, calling the faithful to prayer. but abroad, where the music is still novel, the potential is great. "There is still lots to be done to make rai better known abroad. said Belahcene.

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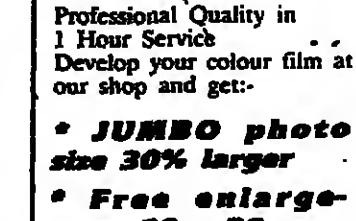
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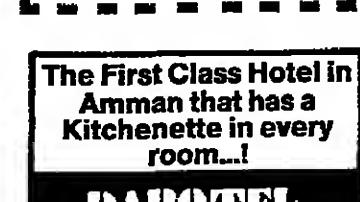


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# IMF chief sees continued growth in industrial states

WASHINGTON (R) — International Monetary Fund (IMF) Managing Director Michel Camdessus said Sunday the current expansion in industrial countries was likely to continue and the twin dangers of inflation and recession could be avoided.

In remarks to the One-Asia Ascembly in Manila, Camdessus he had some concerns about threats to financial stability posed by the large U.S. and British trade deficits and large surpluses in Germany and Japan.

"I am cautiously optimistic about the economic prospects for the industrial countries in the immediate future." he said.

He warned that recent inflation in several major countries called for caution. "It will take great skill — and some tuck — to maintain the correct touch of monetary restraint in the period ahead." he said.

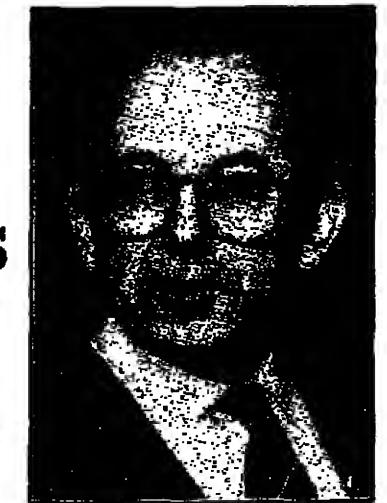
Camdessus prescribed higher savings in the deficit countries, particularly a reduction in the U.S. budget deficit, and higher, but non-inflationa,, growth in Japan and Germany.

He said Japan should remove structural barriers to growth by actions including easing access of foreign firms to Japanese mar-

He said the debt crisis in developing countries had taken longer to solve than was expected but he supported the cooperative debt strategy.

Camdessus said the Philippines had a reasonable prospect of being able to grow out of its debt problems in a few years. "It will also be essential that sufficient financial assistance continue to be made available to the Philippines. from the bilateral donors, the commercial banks, and the multilateral institutions." he said.

Economic reforms in the Philippines and other countries may involve hardship, he said, but they should not be imposed ine-



Michel Camdessus quitably. "The poor should not carry the whole burden of the

hardship. On the issue of Eastern Europe, Camdessus said the IMF is talking with Poland and other countries on various forms of

assistance. He added that he hoped China, Vietnam and Laos would shift to a more iree-market economy Reforms in Vietnam and Laos which would reduce mandatory planning, liberalise prices and give state enterprises more autonomy should receive support from abroad, he said.

# EC, Gulf Arab industrialists hold first cooperation talks

GRANADA, Spain (R) — Four hundred businessmen from Gulf Arab states and the European Community (EC) met in Granada Monday for their first conference on industrial cooperation.

Representatives of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and the EC will also discuss efforts to improve sometimes strained trade relations between the two groups, officials

The six GCC states — Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates — have been trying to narrow a \$4.4 billion trade deficit with the EC, their main trading

The Gulf Arab states, which are trying to diversify their economies away from oil production and into petrochemicals, aluminium and refined products, have complained of protective barriers put up by the EC.

EC producers meanwhile fear a flood of cut-price imports from the Gulf's fledgling industries, particularly of petrochemical products from cheap local oil, if existing quotas and tariffs of up to 13.5 per cent were to disappear at

EC proposals adopted in December, for a free trade pact after a lengthy transition period which fell short of the Gulf group's expectations, will be followed by

negotiations between the two sides next month in Oman.

Meanwhile Gulf businessmen will seek to boost links with EC companies at the meeting which ends Thursday.

Arab industrialists, all the keener to overcome existing trade restrictions because they fear they may be squeezed out of the post-1992, unified European market, see direct investment as an alternative to exporting to the

But GCC states say they have felt resistance to such investment as happened in 1988 when Britain ordered Kuwait to halve its stake in British Petroleum to under 10

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would be hard-pressed to find any

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Yet despite the low-key

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three refineries supply about

300,000 barrels per day, or rough-

ly 4.4 per cent of the needs of the

United States, the world's num-

And Star is betting it can be-

come an even bigger player in the

1990s if several expansion pro-

Star chief executive officer

Donald Schmude said in an inter-

view that Star posted \$6.3 billion

in sales for its first year and

doubled its capital spending

ber one petrol consumer.

jects are completed.

brand name.

### Saudi-Texaco venture gives operation results for first year

HOUSTON (R) — On its first birthday, Star Enterprise — the highly-publicised \$2 billion accord between oil-producing giant Saudi Arabia and oil com-

pany Texaco Inc — quietly posted \$6.3 billion in sales, the venture has said.

Unlike Texaco, Star Enterprise is not a household name.

### AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Monday, February 19, 1990 Central Bank official rates

U.S. dollar **Pound Sterling** Deutschemark Swiss franc

1140.4 1147.2 403,4 401.0

French franc Japanese yen (for 100)

118.0 464.5 118.7 467.3 358.0 109.2 109.9 Italian lira (for 100) 54.1 Belgian franc (for 10) 191.3

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar

1.7010/20 1.1980/90 1.6755/62 1.8870/80 1.4893/903 34.95/35.00 5.6900/50 1242/1243 144.40/50 6.1200/300

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

U.S. dollars

6.4625/75 6.4580/630 One ounce of gold 416.90/417.40 U.S. dollars

### **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**

SYDNEY — Australia's share market ended slightly higher after a day of generally dull trading with volume low. The All Ordinaries index finished up 4.5 points at 1,645.9, but was off its high of 1,649.7.

TOKYO — Share prices closed lower after floundering in thin trading as fear of interest rate rises took the spotlight from national election results. The 225-share Nikkei average closed 237.72 points, or 0.63 per cent, lower at 37,222.60. HONG KONG --- Follow-through buying inspired by last week's

advance overcame a bout of mid-morning profit-taking. The Hang Seng index closed at 2,968.00, up 28.75.

SINGAPORE - Share prices closed firmer over a broad front in active trading and on sustained buying by institutions and small investors, brokers said. The Straits Times industrial index rose 8.46 to end at 1,593.23.

**BOMBAY** — Share prices fell broadly on fears of heavy taxation in the forthcoming budget for fiscal 1990/91. The Bombay stock exchange index fell 10.45 points to 679.53.

FRANKFURT — West German shares slumped in a quiet session, pulled lower as mounting fears about continued prices slides in the German bond market prompted investors to take profit. The DAX index fell 24.47 points to end at 1,869.19.

ZURICH - Swiss shares closed little changed as the steep fall in German bond prices revived worries about Swiss interest rates. The all-share SPI index closed up 0.4 points to 1,127.9.

LONDON - Share prices were marked down across the board towards the close, driving the FTSE index below the key 2,300 level. Lack of buyers throughout the thin session seemed to be the main cause of weakness, dealers said. At 1628 GMT the FTSE was off 30.3 points at 2,294.9.

# Iraq seeks Japanese investments

TOKYO (R) — Iraq has asked for Japanese investment and technology to boost its capacity to supply oil, oil industry sources said Monday.

Ramzi Salman, president of the State Oil and Marketing Organisation (SOMO), told Japanese customers during a week-long visit last week that Iraq wanted \$30 billion to expand capacity by two million barrels per day (b/d) by 1995, they said.

Iraqi Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim Al Chalabi said last month Iraq's export capacity stood at about five million b/d.

The message from Iraq, the oil sources said, was that Japan would receive long-term supply security in exchange for providing

cash and technology to Iraq, which is heavily indebted and needs to revitalise its war-torn

Earlier this month, Iraqi oil ministry undersecretary, Sami Sharif, told Reuters in Baghdad that Iraq would invite foreign companies to finance the de-

'Iraq's Chalabi will visit Japan

velopment of new oil fields.

SOMO's Salman said Iraq wanted Japanese firms to play a key role in helping oil producers expand supply capacity to meet rising world demand, but did not specify how much money Iraq wanted from Japan, the sources

in late March or early April at the

supply shortage in the 1990s.

Subroto said as oil production

invitation of the foreign ministry to discuss bilateral economic cooperation, government officials

SOMO's mission to Japan is seen reinforcing a global campaign by OPEC Secretary-General Subroto, who is calling on major consumer nations to provide financial assistance to OPEC producers to stave off an oil

Subroto has said OPEC studies show its members would have to invest 10 per cent of their revenues — expected to be about \$600 billion - over the next five years to meet growing demand for their oil.

by non-OPEC member nations fell by as much as three million b/d, output by the 13 members of OPEC could increase to 56 million b/d over the next five years from the current 23.5 million b/d.

> SOMO's Salman told the Japanese that the reference crude price of \$18 a barrel set by OPEC was an appropriate level for both producers and consumers and that it was causing few inflation-

> ary fears, the sources said: Salman said Iraq was sticking to its OPEC-set production quota of 3.14 million b/d for the first quarter of 1990, the sources said. A Reuter survey put Iraqi oil output in January at 3.1 million

the rise in domestic production of alternative goods," the agency, received in Cyprus, said on Sunday. It said Saudi Arabia, which is trying to reduce reliance on oil revenues, was able to import less

to official statistics.

S. Arabia

imports fall

NICOSIA (R) — Imports by

Saudi Arabia, the largest market

in the Middle East, fell nearly

three per cent last year because of

rising domestic production, the

official SPA news agency said.

worth 79.2 billion rivals (\$21.1

billion) against 81.5 billion rivals (\$21.7 billion) in 1988, according

"This decline is attributed to

The kingdom imported goods

micals in 1989. But machinery and transport equipment imports jumped by 6.2 per cent in 1989 to 29.8 billion nyals (\$7.9 billion) — over 37

food, furniture, textiles and che-

per cent of total imports. The figures made no mention of exports. Saudi Arabia is the world's largest oil exporter, selling more than five million barrels

SPA said the United States remained the kingdom's biggest trading partner, supplying it with

14.4 billion rivals (\$3,84 billion), or 18.2 per cent of total imports. Japan came second with 11.3 billion rivals (\$3 billion), followed by Britain (\$2.2 billion) and West Germany with around \$1.3 billion.

#### Argentina readies new measures A change of economy ministers restore market confidence and BUENOS AIRES (R) — Argen-Gonzalez told reporters.

tina's hyperinflation-barried Peronist government was hastily putting together a package measures to speed up its economic programme, local news agencies said Sunday.

President Carlos Menem's cabinet has met during the past three days to find ways to counter clear signals of economic distress such as a wave of frantic price mark-ups and a run on the austral currency.

"(The package) is mostly centred on pushing ahead with the fiscal policy and accelerating the sale of state-owned assets," Economy Minister Carlos Erman

hour nationwide strike for Tues-

day was called off after the gov-

ernment Monday bowed to

labour's demands for increases in

minimum daily and monthly

An official of the General Con-

federation of Greek Labour

(GSEE) said the government

agreed to grant two per cent

above the inflation-linked wage

are given every three months

based on the official inflation rate

as announced by the Bank of

for Greek industry was increased

by 49 drachmas to 2,911 or \$18 at

the current rate of exchange, said

Steel output of 35 nations fell 4.1

per cent in January to 39.89

million tonnes from 41.59 million

tonnes in the year-earlier month,

the International Iron and Steel

Institute has said in a statement.

The decline was led by the United

States, where steel output drop-

1.089 drachmas for a total of barrel.

The new daily minimum wage

cent on Jan. 1, 1990.

index scale which reached 5.7 per

Greek government

agrees to pay rises

ATHENS (AP) — Scheduled 24- 65,105 drachmas (\$402).

Businesses began quoting prices in U.S. dollars as the austral lost 29 per cent of its value against the dollar and some consumer prices jumped 50 per cent last week. January's inflation was 79.2 per cent, up from Decem-

ber's 40.1 per cent. Menem's seven-month-old administration has ambitious plans to whittle down Argentina's public sector and boost private sector output by selling off state enterprises and deregulating key sectors of the economy.

His original economic programme, a far cry from Peroniststyle state control, helped him

In addition, the government

agreed to five weeks annual vaca-

tion for employees who had 25 or

more years service. The previous

maximum was four weeks leave.

all sectors has brought the eco-

nomy to a virtual standstill over

the past 60 days forcing Premier

Xenophon Zolotas to negotiate

new terms and conditions with

million GSEE members, cost the

nation 14 billion drachmas (\$87.5

million), said Andreas Kyriazis,

president of the chamber of com-

mic Cooperation and Develop-

ment or OECD, said in its 1990

tonnes from 7.92 million tonnes

in January 1989. Output by steel

companies in the 12-nation Euro-

pean Community also fell by 5.2

per cent in January to 11.63

million tonnes from 12.56 million

tonnes a year earlier. Steel pro-

duction in Japan edged up 0.6 per

cent to 9.1 million tonnes from

9.055 million tonnes in January,

1989. The countries included in

the 'steel institute's survey

account for 61.4 per cent of 1989

world production and for 97 per

cent of world production exclud-

ing the Soviet Union and other

East European countries, China

THIS IS MY REPORT

ON HOW TO LIVE ..

and North Korea.

The Organisation for Econo-

The previous 24-hour general

labour leaders.

merce and industry.

Across-the-board pay increases strike on Jan. 25 involving 1.3

the GSEE official. The monthly report that the Greek economy

minimum was also increased by "is scrapping the bottom of the

Steel output declines

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — ped 10.3 per cent to 7.1 million

A series of crippling strikes in

bring monthly inflation down to one digit in September from a record of nearly 200 per cent in

But most of its steps to cut public sector spending met strong opposition from Peronist trade unions and businesses reared on decades of state generosity.

As markets perceived that Menem was giving in to labour's demands their faith in the government faltered. In November the austral started to crumble and interest rates soared. By the end of the year the country was back in the throes of hyperinflation.

and the adoption of strict monetary policies in January up to now have failed to restore confidence. though the government is attempting to drum up support by reaching a pact with labour, business and political parties.

The austral has lost over half its value against the dollar so far this year and sales fell 50 per cent, according to business associa-

Menem's popularity dropped to 48 per cent in opinion polls this month, against an 80 per cent rating he achieved in September. His administration rated a meagre 11 per cent.

# Albania opens economy to foreign participation '

TIRANA (R) — The door to foreign investment in Albania, locked tight for years to keep outsiders away from its economy and its people, is suddenly ajar.

The Balkan state is to allow foreign investment for the first time in a decade, but the doors to Europe's most backward economy will not be thrown open as wide as they have been in other parts of reformist East Europe.

The state will retain its policy of keeping its capital in its own hands and no foreign ownership will be allowed, leading government economist Fatos Nano told Reuters in an interview.

"We can develop all kinds of joint ecoomic activities except classical credit arrangements. We are not yet open to classic joint ventures," said Nano, a member of the government's economic "think tank", the Institute for Economic Studies.

Nano was commenting on a series of measures recently promulgated by the ruling communists to reform an economy which has stagnated after four decades of rigid, Stalinist-style central plan-

Asked if the package meant that foreign firms could become more involved in joint investments, Nano said:

"Why not? Foreigners will be welcome to invest their technology and know-how, while we invest our labour and materials, and we will share the profit and risks. We can repay the foreign investors through the product," he said.

"We could create some pilot projects, including in the manufacturing sector, such as in clothing and shoes. But we will not

share the ownership. This must remain Albanian," he stressed. Diplomats said West German firsm are already doing this with projects involving coproduction and barter trade. During the 1950s the Soviet

Union was deeply involved in building up the Albanian economy, which emerged from World War II with a virtually non-existent industrial base. China filled this role in the 1960s and early 1970s after Tirana

broke with Moscow in an ideological rift which led to its virtual In the 1980s Albania entered a period of self-reliance and relative economic isolation, from which it has recently been emerg-

with Western Europe. Nanos pointed out that Albania "has relatively lower labour costs". The basic monthly wage in Albania is about \$65 a month based on the official exchange

ing in a shift towards greater links

"We have mineral resources which Europe currently has to obtain from more distant places, such as chrome," Nanos said. According to Western com-

modities analysts, Albania has produced around 900,000 tonnes of chrome ore annually in recent years, most of it for export, making it the largest exporter of chrome in the world after South

Japanese and West German firms have shown interest in buying the ore but visiting Western businessmen said Albania's mining and processing technologies need substantial modernisation to make the industry more profitable.

Nanos also said that Albania's farmlands remained relatively unpolluted and that "we could provide 'green crops' which are popular in Europe," if foreign firms were interested in cooperating in the area of environmentally acceptable food.

Much of Albania's trade until now has been carried out on a , barter basis, with 45 per cent of all commerce with the countries of the Soviet-led trade boc Comecon, and around one quarter of trade with the European Com-

"We shall face some difficulties due to the changes in mechanisms and policies in the economies of Eastern Europe," Nanos said. # "We are now trying to expand our trade with everyone who is

interested." With a national income estimated by one Albaanian economist at \$3 billion, poor infrastructure and backward communications links and transport and technology dating largely from the 1950s, Albania, with a population of only three million people, is Europe's most retarded eco-

Anxious not to fall farther behind, as Eastern Europe abandons communism awad adopts market-economy reforms, Tirana last month launched a package of reforms to boost the role of the market in setting wages and Drices.

"Wages must be based on results," said Nanos, who some Western diplomats say has been active in promoting the reforms.

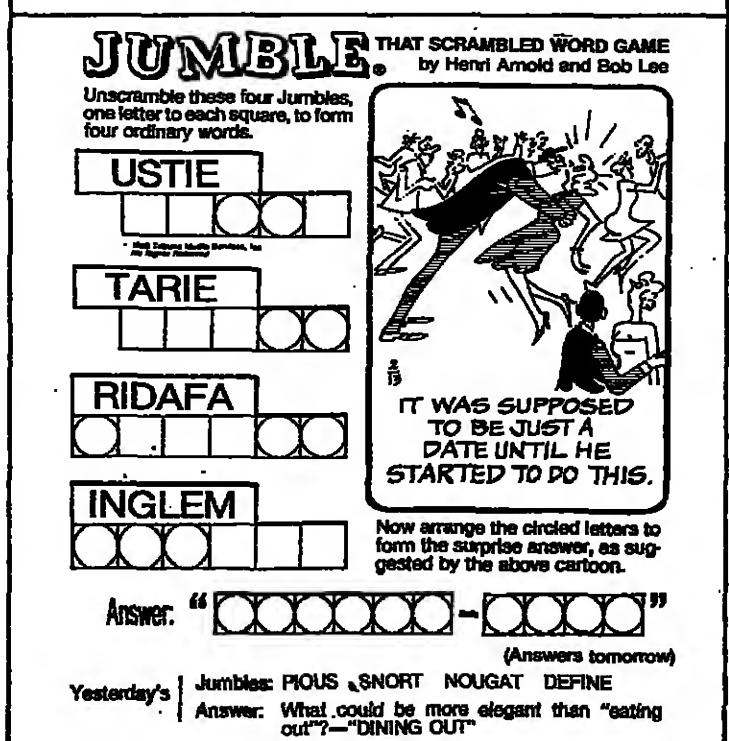
But Albania still considers economic data a state secret and publishes no absolute figures for its economic achievements.

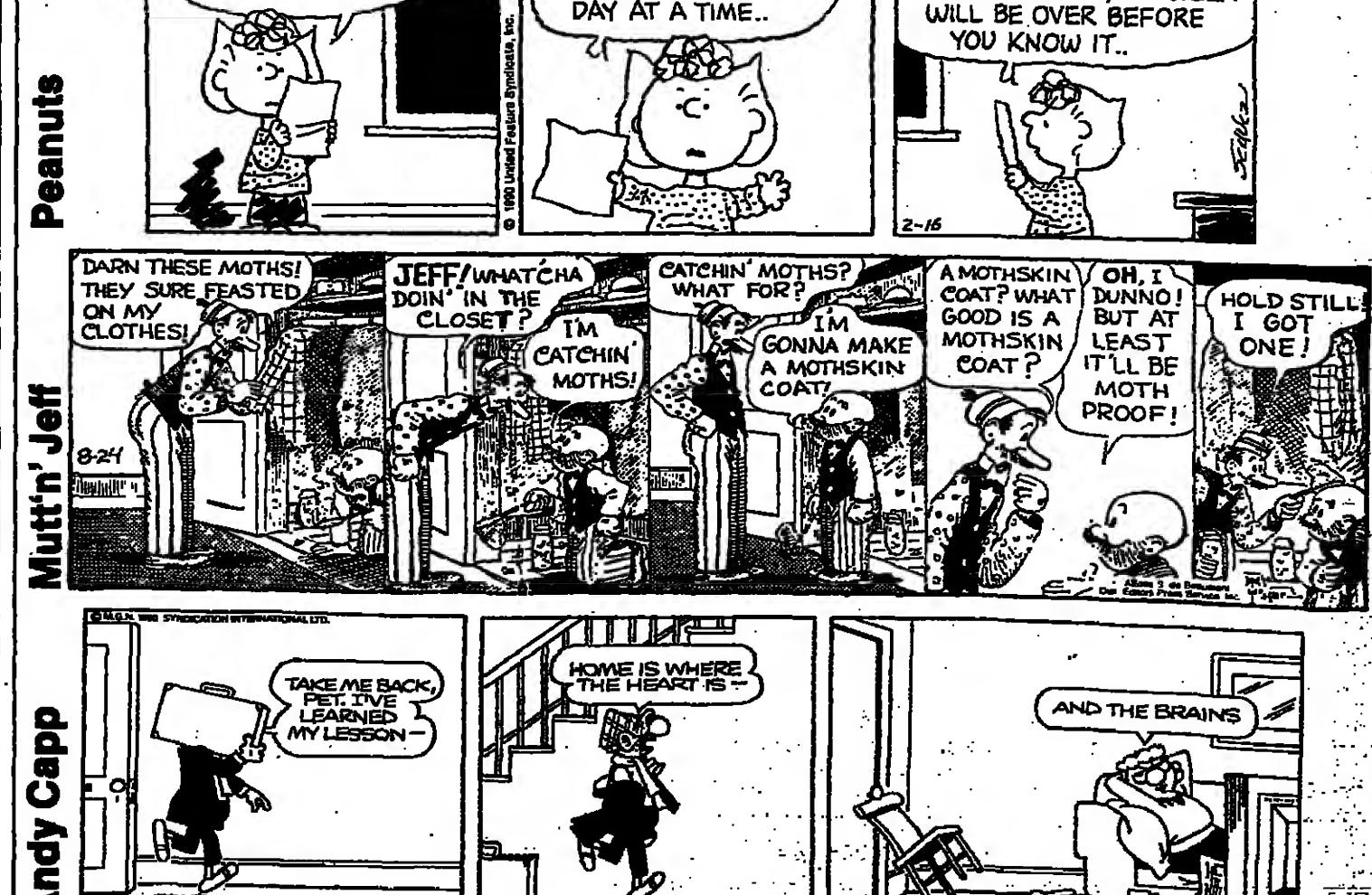
IF YOU TRY TO LIVE SEVEN

DAYS AT A TIME, THE WEEK



"Stanley has lost 5 pounds since I brought home the weight-loss tape!"





THEY SAY THE BEST WAY

IS JUST TO LIVE ONE

DAY AT A TIME ..

### orts fal Navratilova wins Chicago title

CHICAGO (R) -- Martina Nev- break. ratilova, showing that a recent dulied her serve-and-volley britliance, beat Manuela Maleeva 5-3, 6-2 Sunday in the final of the \$500,000 Chicago women's tournament:

ria, the largest a didle East fell and last year here. A news agency billion rival ainst 81.5 billion statistics, and statistics, and statistics.

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reduce reliance; was able to imperiture, textilet at

chinery and had imports jumped; in 1989 to 2911; 9 billion )— to of total import ures made no exist. Saudi Animals.

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le food.

The win, accomplished in just 54 minutes, gave her a 10th Chicago title and carned the Czechoslovak-born American

Maleeva, who has lost seven matches in a row to Navratilova, played valiantly but was unable to get rolling as Navratilova put constant pressure on her, rushing the net and pinning her to the nets in women's tennis." backcourt for much of the match.

Navratilova broke service inthe third game of the first set to go up 2-1, served a love game at musty were soon allayed as she 4-2 and won the set in the nimb game with her second service es, losing only 12 of 58 games.

in the final set. Navratilova break from the circuit had not broke to go up 2-0 and broke again in the eighth game to complete her victory.

"Martina is a good athlete," said the fifth-seeded Bulgarian. "She is putting presence on you coming into the net. It is difficult to pass her. She never really let

me in the game." Navratilova was most pleased with her service game.

"I only lost one game on my service all week," Navratilova said. "I wasn't down one service break point today against Manuels, who is one of the best retur-

This was Navratilova's first tournament after a two-month lay off. Her fears that she might be stormed through her four match-

an extellent compact.

guessed the distribution.

Declarer won the diamond open-

ing in hand and led a trump to the

ace. When East showed out, decier-

or faced an uphill bettle to avoid

two trump losers. Fortunately, he

The remaining high diamond was

cashed, followed by a diamond ruff

with the dence. Three rounds of

chibs were taken, declarer discard-

ing a beart from hand, followed by

two rounds of hearts cirding in done-

my as West followed belolossly.

Now declarer divined to ruff a chub,

then exit with a low trump. West

had to win and lead away from his

remaining tramp honor into deciar-

er's tensee, enabling South to score

The easy way to make the con-

tract came at the second trick. Since

deciarer was solid in the side suits.

the only possible problem was to

avoid losing two trump tricks. So at

trick two declarer should have led a

low trump and simply covered any

card West produces. If East can win

the trick, it means that trumps are

no worse than 3-1 Thereafter, the

ace-king will draw the outstanding

fangs and the contract is home for

the loss of only a trump trick.

Saturday's Puzzie Solved:

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ANDA RABBA BRAS BRAS ABBAR BRAS

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53 Cowboy

55 Pitchers

57 Light color

58 Eng. architect 67 Put on

REIRE PAREE

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ABUD VALUE

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RESERVE TO THE

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Hershise

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Tel: 625155

50 Moniker

61 Pitcher

**62 Function** 

63 "Milado"

the last two tricks.

### GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAN SHAME & TARRAH HIRSCH C 1986 Yelloom Madks Services, Inc.

RISING FOM THE DEAD

NORTH # A 7 # 2 CASS **U** \$3 +XQJ4 EAST + Void

Both vulnerable. South deals.

+ QJ53 V 43 QJ18972 🕹 Q J 18 .097656 +9653 + 19 17 SOUTH 4 X 10764 A Z G 2 OAE2

4 4 3

North End Pass 3 🖈 Pass 6 4 Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Queen of O

Dociates did well to recover from a had rrump break on this hand from a rubber bridge same in Florida. But all that work would have been unaccessary had declarer taken a basic precaution in the first place, This was a typical rubber-bridge

power auction. It had the virtues of simplicity, speed and accuracy. North's jump raise was forcing, but had his hand included the opeen of trumps rather than the queen of clubs, a grand slam would have been

ACROSS

entangling

Meadon

5 Pretense

9 Packages

5 Lacquered

metalwane

16 - a minute

18 God of love

20 Cage-Hunter

25 Certain group

32 Calendar abbr.

19 Egypt VIP

23 Chemicel

24 Glinch

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40 Marvin or

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45 Kismet

46 Wrench

47 Diana or

49 Following

51 Dozes

52 "You -

There"

54 "- Haw"

56 Minnelli-

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65 Bed of

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71 Fly ball of

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Cinema

68 Papas

DeNim movie

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THE Daily Crossword by Frances Burton

1989 Tribuge Media Services, Inc. All Rights Reserved

3 First name in

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73 Uris or Spinks 35 Adolescents

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Lendl hurries past Mayotte, wins Skydome tennis title

TORONTO (R) - Top-seed Ivan Lendi played like a man who had some place else to be as he breezed past Tim Mayotte 6-3,6-0 in the final of the \$1.2 million Skydome world tennis tournament late Sunday.

Lendl, in fact, found himself in a bit of a hurry after collecting his \$167,500 prize.

Immediately after his trumph, Lendi was shuffling off to Buffalo where the Hartford Whalers ice hockey team were playing the sabres Sunday evening. Lendl, a resident of Connecticut, sits on the board of directors of the Whalers.

Lendi wasted little time in taking care of business as usual against the sixth-seeded Mayotte, who has played Lendl 17 times over the last 10 years without a

Although some of their matches have been tough, this one was not, as Lendl used just 64 minutes to win the title. "I wish it had been a little bit

longer final," said Mayotte, who collected \$88,200 as runner-up. "Maybe I'll make a long speech to make up for it." Lendl continued to demonstrate his near invincibility against

most of the opposition on the

and Stefan Edberg were his only solid challengers on the scene, Lend replied: "You can't really say that, but over a number of matches, yes.

"You saw on Friday (when Kevin Curren had seven match points against Lendl in the quarter finals) that if you're not on top of your game, that a player can hurt you. But over 10 matches. Stefan and Boris are the ones that can hurr you,"

and was knotted with Mayotte at 3-3 in the first set. "After 3-all, I was returning his serve better and was on top of the ball," Lendi said. "His first few

Lendl actually started-slowly

service games I wasn't doing anything with the ball." Once Lendl got up to speed, however, Mayotte was doomed to be left behind.

Mayotte, who also lost to Lendl in the last week's final in Milan, said he is happy with his recent form but frustrated by his inability to solve the Lendl puzzie.

"You have to dream, but you have to be realistic," Mayotte said. "I'm never going to be number one, but I beat three players in the top 10 (John McEnroe in Milan, Aaron Krickstein and Brad Gilbert here) in the last two weeks. That's very satis-Asked whether Boris Becker fying."

### **Becker wins Belgian Indoor**

BRUSSELS, Belgium (AP) — Top-seed Boris Becker confidently swept past fellow-West German Carl-Uwe Steeb 7-5, 6-2, 6-2 Sunday to win the \$600,000 Belgian Indoor championship, his first tournament victory this

Becker, ranked second in the world, survived an erratic spell in the first set but his power play improved from then on while Steeb's one-sided baseline game was ill equipped to change the momentum of the two hour

In the frist all-West German final in a major tournament since 1973, Becker won \$77,500 while Steeb was comforted with \$43,000.

Becker was edgy early on as too many of his groundstrokes went wide and volleys long, but in clutch situations, he came through with a blistering ace or an awesome smash.

He gave me a hard time in the first set," said Becker. Steeb, ranked 15th in the world, had beaten Becker only

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A

good day to uncover whatever is

not just as you would like it to be.

Be certain to clearly communicate

to others what you have in mind

for your joint success and happi-

ARTES: (March 21 to April 19)

Many friends will bring you plea-

sure during this time, Invite prom-

ment into your home today. Take

your attachment to glittering out-

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) A

friendly couple from a distance will

see that you receive special

favours. Your attachment today

will enjoy some outside activities.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) It

will be very good to entertain

friends in your home today.

Travelling with friends will bring

you the pleasure that you have

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Be as much as possible

with friends towards whom you

have a magnetic pull. Don't be so

busy with activities that you neg-

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Be sure your duties are done well

before you go off to appealing

pleasures. Let your attachment see

by practical presents, how devoted

VIRGO: (August 22 to September

22) An older couple will invite you

to a beautiful party you should

attend. Meals at good restaurants

will-be appreciated by your family.

T 1994. (Sentember 23 to October

22) Invite as many long-time

PHILADELPHIA

lect your attachment.

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HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY FEBRUARY 20, 1990

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

last month in Australia but soon was despirited when it became evident Becker's early problems were only temporary.

"When Boris has his day it is hard to break him," said Steeb. Becker's early problems paradoxically started when he led 3-1 and had two break points on Steeb's serve. He seemed on his way to turn the first set into a rout when his game suddenly turned

"I rushed too much instead of playing the points," he said. Steeb momentarily found his touch and when Becker lost control on his serve, the secondseeded player broke back on the merits of Becker's three doublefaults to level the score 4-4.

Becker however, was played best this week when pressured and again came through when he ripped four successive winners past Steeb for the decisive break in the set.

"I had my chances in the first set but from then on, the match went the other way," said Steeb.

friends and acquaintances into

your home. An exciting, romantic

and fun day for you and your

SCORFIO: (October 23 to Novem-

ber 21) See as many friends and

acquaintances on short jaunts.

Visiting a couple you like will bring

your mate and your considerable

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Friends will be too

busy to give you much attention

now, so rely on acquaintances.

Give really nice presents to your

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

January 20) Spend some money

now in fixing up your residence. Be

very selective in the friends whom

you are in contact with today.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-

ary 19) Invite your charming friends into your bome today. Re-

turn to romantic places with your

attachment so you both will enjoy

PISCES: (February 20 to March

20) A friend will help you quickly

to complete any duties facing you.

Take your attachment to visit

friends who have been loyal and

Today's child: If your child were

born today he or she will have a

powerful-magnetic quality and will not be easily thwarted in getting

whatever he or she desires. A

financial vocation will be their

largest chance for success but they

will also have a highly developed

life is largely up to you.

"The stars impel, they do not

Tel: 634144

interest in all the arts.

vourselves.

devoted to you.

attachment for real pleasure.

### By Steve Wilstein

PERFECTION barely eluded Steffi Graf in 1989, but her masterly rule over women's tenchoice Monday as the Associa-

Graf, maturing from a skinny teen-ager into a stronger, more confident 20-year-old, captured the Australian Open, Wimbledon and the U.S. Open for the second

The West German won 11 other tournaments and 83 of her 85 singles matches overall, losing only in three-set finals in the French Open against Arantxa Sanchez Vicario and at Amelia

Graf swept the four Grand Slam events — the Australian. French, Wimbledon and U.S. Open — in 1988 and added an Olympic gold medal, but lost out in the female athlete of the year voting to Sprinter Florence Grif-

Graf easily outpolled the runnerup, Golfer Betsy King and joined a distinguished list of tennis players who have dominated the top female athlete balloting over the past two decades.

Martina Navratilova won the award in 1986 and 1983; Tracy Austin in 1981 and 1979; Chris Evert in 1980, 1977, 1975 and 1974; Billie Jean King in 1973 and 1967; Evonne Goolagong in 1971; Althea Gibson in 1957 and 1958; Maria Buena in 1959; Maureen

Helen Jacobs in 1933. Graf was named first on 120 of the 148 ballots returned to the Associated Press by sports writers and editors across the country. She finished with a total of 671 points. Five points were given for

Far behind in second was King,

and 64 points. As a sentimental choice, Evert finished fifth with two first-place votes, five for second and eight for third for a total of 33 points. Evert, 35, winner of 18 Grand Slam singles titles, retired from

the quarterfinals of the U.S. Open. She didn't win a tournament all year.

### DELUXE APARTMENT FOR RENT

Fully furnished 4-bedroom apartment, first floor in a small building, 360 square metres, 4 bathrooms, 4 batcomes, built-in Aino kitchen, laundry room, spacious salon, Scandinavian and European style furniture. Independent utilities (W & E & CH), independent telephone line, private garage Location: best area on the border between Sweifieh and

For more information please call 817960.

# Disappointment, pessimism over Saudi decision

By Nadim Kawash Reuter

ABU DHABI - Disappointed Gulf sports officials held out little hope Monday of convincing Saudi Arabia to rescind its surprise decision to boycott the Gulf Soccer Cup over objections to the tournament's mascot,

Kuwait has called an urgent meeting of the cup organising committee on the eve of the 17-day competition's kick-off Tuesday, but the sports officials said Saudi Arabia had made clear its decision was final. The Saudi withdrawal,

announced last Wednesday, was a bitter disappointment for the six other national teams taking part and the legions of soccer fans in the region, the officials said. They added it was also a blow to Gulf unity.

The Saudi Football Association said it withdrew from the tournament because of host Kuwait's "inappropriate mascot" for the

cup. The mascot depicts stallions which two Kuwaiti warriors rode in a battle against Saudi forces 70 years ago.

The Saudi team is among the strongest in the Gulf and the tournament is seen as an important warm-up for the United Arab Emirates (UAE), which has a place in the 1990 World Cup finals.

Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and holders iraq are also due to play in the biennial competition, first held in Bahrain in 1970. Gulf sports sources said the

tournament's host, Kuwaiti Sheikh Fahd Al Ahmad, was trying to get Riyadh to change its mind, but they doubted he would UAE sports officials said Saudi

Arabia has announced it would begin its local soccer league championships on March 1, instead of March 15 as scheduled. The Gulf Cup runs through March 9.

"Changing the schedule to by the Saudi action.

coincide with the Gulf tournament means the Saudis will in no way go back on their decision," said one UAE sports official.

The UAE team, among 16 qualifiers for the World Cup finals in Italy, was particularly upset that it would not be able to test its skills against one of the strongest Gulf soccer squads.

Before the Saudi announcement, Gulf sports officials had tipped Saudi Arabia to win the Gulf Cup.

Western diplomats in the Gulf have said they thought the Saudi decision was also connected to security concerns after a series of attacks over the past year on Sandis abroad, most of them by Islamic fundamentalists loyal to

However, Riyadh has said the problem over the mascot was the sole reason for its decision.

Gulf soccer officials said they were shocked and disappointed

UAE Football Association head Sheikh Hamdan Bin Zaid Al Nahayan said: "We have to work jointly to protect the future of the Gulf soccer games which largely contributed to upgrading the skills of our teams. We deeply regret the Saudi decision."

Oman's Ahmad Abdul Rahman, a Gulf Football Association official quoted by the UAE newspaper Al Imhad, said: "We, the Gulf states, are like one body. If one organ is affected, the others also suffer."

Qatari Football Association secretary general Mohammad Mubarak Ali said: "The Saudi decision is worrisome and an unpleasant surprise."

Saudi Arabia's Prince Khaled Al Faisal, son of the late King Faisal, was the first to propose a regional soccer tournament as a way of promoting cooperation and, in 1969, Bahrain adopted the idea and began the games.

Barcelona with a 4-0 win at

bottom-placed Rayo Vallecano

moved back into third place level

with Valencia who drew against

Athletic Bilbao. "It was easy be-

cause my players did what they

had to do," Barcelona coach

In France, seven first division

teams bowed out in the first

round of the cup at the weekend

in the worst showing for the top

20 clubs in 10 years. In 1980.

eight first division sides were cli-

minated as they entered the com-

Monaco, quarter-finalists in

the European Cup Winner's Cup.

Paris Saint-Germain, who won

the trophy in 1982 and 1983,

Sochaux, third-placed in the

league, Toulouse, Lyon. Nice

and Caen all lost to teams from

The French Cup has this season

given up the two leg system and

all matches were played on neut-

Johan Cruyff said.

lower divisions.

### **EUROPEAN SOCCER**

### Ajax, PSV bring back memories of the good old days

DUTCH soccer may be mourning the loss of its top players to wealthier climes but Sunday's match of the season between champions PSV Eindhoven and rivals Ajax brought back memories of the good old days and threw the championship wide open.

PSV, champions for the past four seasons, lost 3-2 in Amsterdam despite twice taking the lead - helped by an Ajax own goal but stayed top of the league on goal difference.

Ajax, chasing their 23rd championship title, are now two points behind with a game in hand while Vitesse and Roda JC also won to draw level with PSV although both have played one match

"Soccer like that at the weekend has not been seen on a Dutch field since the departure of (Marco) van Basten, (Frank) Rijkaard and (Ruud) Gullit," said Volkskrant newspaper, referring to the three Dutch stars now with Italy's AC Milan.

De Telegraaf also took a trip down memory lane, joining the capacity crowd in applauding the 22 matadors of Ajax and PSV, who performed in a top game of old fashioned quality." Ceptain Jan Wouters was Ajaa:'s hero for his two secondhalf goals, including the winner nine minutes from time.

Ajax coach Leo Beenhakker, himself only recently returned from three seasons with Real Madrid, was ecstatic: "I told the boys after the game I started loving them."

Gerald Vanenburg, who scored PSV's first goal in the 30th minute, said his was the better team. "We must continue this way and show that we want to become Dutch champions," he

In Italy, the battle for league supremacy continued with Napoli and AC Milan both winning their matches Sunday to pull three points away from their nearest challengers.

Although Milan stayed top on goal difference after a 2-1 win over Cremonese, all eyes were on Napoli, who climbed back from going a goal down in the fourth minute to beat Roma 3-1 in their first home victory against the club for nine years.

Diego Maradona stepped up to the penalty spot to some ais 100th goal for Napoli in domestic and European competitions since

joining the club in 1984 and the emotion of the occasion found him waxing unusually lyrical after the match. "I'm going to stay here in

Naples for ever," he said. "I don't want to move again. Claudia and our daughters have settled down well here and little Dalmita speaks Italian better than me. I don't want to have to start teaching her another language," the Argentine World Cup captain added.

lusconi was so elated with his result that he suggested Italy manager Azeglio Vicini should put the entire Milan team, minus the Dutch, in his squad. In Spain, Mexican striker Hugo Sanchez scored two more goals to

AC Milan president Silvio Ber-

bring his season's tally to 27 as champions Real Madrid scored their eighth consecutive away win at Malaga. City rivals Atletico, with a 1-0

home win over Valladolid, stayed in second place six points behind Austrian Auton Polster missed a penalty for Seville but still

relegation-threatened Cadiz 4-0.

Polster has now scored 22 goals

this season.

ral ground. From the second round, matches are to be played at the club drawn first. scored a hat-trick as his team beat

The new system did not affect the French top duo, Bordeaux and Marseille who moved into the second round with 4-0 victories over Amateurs Plabennec and second division Tours.

### Graf selected as female athlete of the year The only other woman with a

The Associated Press

nis made her the overwhelming tion Press female athlete of the

straight year.

Island against Gabriela Sabatini

fith Joyner.

In gaining the honour for 1989,

Connolly in 1953, 1952 and 1951; Alice Marble in 1939 and 1940: Helen Wills Moody in 1935; and

first place, three points for second and one point for third.

who had six first-place votes and 232 points. Jockey Julie Krone was third with eight first-place votes and 209 points. Runner Sandra Farmer-Patrick was fourth with five first-place votes

major competition after losing in

first-place vote was swimmer Janet Evans, who finished seventh with 11 points. Graf is the first non-American to win the award since gymnast

tilova, born in Czechoslovakia. became a U.S. citizen in 1981. "I'm very flattered," Graf said from her home in West Germany. "It's nice to be chosen, especially since I'm not an American. It's

Nadia Comaneci in 1976. Navra-

nice that Americans think so highly of me. 'I think I had a better year in '89 than in '88," she said. 'The competition was a lot (tougher)

last year. I had better opponents. Gaby (Gabriela Sabatini) and Martina were playing better and they were out to get me last year more than the year before."

Graf, who recently broke a thumb skiing after winning her third straight Australian Open, is among the best all-around women athletes and appears to be just approaching her potential in

Joseph Keul, a West German sports medicine expert, has predicted that Graf won't reach her peak until she is 26. He says two of the factors that make her a better athlete are a 38 per cent greater lung capacity and a 40 per cent larger heart than the average

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Performances: 3:30, 6:00, 8:30, 10:30

# Japan's LDP to choose next prime minister

TOKYO (AP) — Japan's scandal-plagued governing party lost seats in the powerful lower house of parliament but retained the majority needed to choose the prime minister, according to final election results Monday.

"Each candidate worked as if he were crawling on the ground, and I think people gave us credit for that," Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu told reporters after the final tallies.

With ballot-counting complete, the Liberal Democrats captured a majority of 275 seats in the 512seat house, the Japan Broadcasting Corp. (NHK) reported. The party needed 257 seats for

a simple majority and 271 to retain the chairmanships of all lower house committees. The LDP, hampered by a stock

scandal and its sponsorship of an unpopular 3 per cent sales tax. had held 295 seats in the outgoing house. The largestopposition group, the Japan Socialist Party, made dramatic gains, from 83 seats in the last house to 136.

MAYOTTE, Comoro Islands

(AP) — Interim leader Said

Mohamed Djohar has scrapped

Sunday's disputed presidential

elections in the Comoro Republic

and rejected opposition calls for

his resignation, according to re-

The French News Agency

Agence-France Presse, citing un-

identified sources on the French

islands of Mayotte in the Indian

Ocean Archipelago, said Djohar

promised late Sunday to resche-

"They should either be next

Sunday or the Sunday afterward,

BANGKOK (AP) — Cambodia's

Vietnamese-installed government

and guerrilla leaders bead into

new peace talks still quarreling

over who should administer the

country pending national elec-

tions, reports seen Monday said.

Phnom Penh's President Heng

Samrin accepted a United Na-

tions role but rejected guerrilla

demand that his government be

dom Sihanouk renewed the de-

ATHENS, (AP) — Incumbent

President Christos Sartzetakis,

the only candidate for the post

failed to be elected in the first

round of voting by parliament

The conservative New Demo-

cracy Party, the largest political

grouping, abstained from the roll

call, making it impossible for

Sartzetakis to receive the neces-

LONDON (AP) — Foreign

Office Minister of State Francis

Maude was reported Monday as

saying Britain would ignore U.S.

disapproval and give aid to Viet-

nam if Vietnam agreed to forcible

return of more boat people from

paper said Maude made the re-

marks in Hanoi Sunday. He

Vietnam accepted 51 boat peo-

ple forcible flown home in De-

London's Independent news-

Monday.

Hong Kong.

added.

Guerrilla leader Prince Noro-

dismantled before elections.

In a speech last Saturday,

ports Monday.

dule the balloting.

The financial community leaders expressed relief over the probusiness Liberal Democrats' victory, but the Tokyo stock exchange's leading index fell

The 225-share Nikkei stock average rose more than 130 points in early trading, as final election returns came in, but then the market's concern turned to the possibility of higher interest rates, a dampening factor on stock investment.

When the 271st Liberal Democratic seat was captured, Kaifu mache doll at party headquarters in Tokyo to signify fulfillment of the party's goal in the election. The "daruma" doll ceremony is traditionally performed to indicate fulfillment of a wish.

but they haven't decided yet,"

said a spokesman at the Comoran

Embassy in Paris on condition he

not be identified. No official re-

sult from Sunday's voting was

scattered violence marred Sun-

day's balloting between Djohar

and an array of opposition candi-

dates, Comoran opposition

sing ballot boxes and incomplete

registration rolls, and a system

where opposition voters were

stamped with indelible ink and

mand for dissolution of the Hun

Sen government the next day in

Thailand's Pattaya city, near

Bangkok. He spoke at a confer-

ence of more than 100 of his

officials stationed in four coun-

tries, a statement from the Siha-

Sen is to hold talks with Sihanouk

in Thailand this week. The

Cambodian factions, along with

Vietnam and other nations, are to

"The positions of the national

hold wider talks next week

Greek president in 1st round

. New Democracy said it would

continue to abstain over the next

A candidate for a five-year

term in the largely ceremonial

post of president has to win at

least 200 votes in the first two

rounds of balloting in the 300-

member unicameral parliament

and 180 votes in the third. The

cember from among more than

50,000 living in crowded camps in

Britain's Hong Kong colony, but

then said it would only accept

more if they returned voluntarily.

of the forcible repatriation and

called for a one-year moratorium

breaking ranks with the United

States which has embargoed aid

the practice.

The United States disapproved

Maude, who was speaking be-

Britain ready for deal with Vietnam

sary number of votes.

two rounds of balloting.

Phnom Penh's Premier Hun

Disputes centred around mis-

sources in Paris said.

as national elections near

nouk side said.

Parliament fails to elect

Widespread confusion and

al of the Liberal Democratic Party, speaking Monday at party beadquarters, said: "We thank the voters from our hearts for giving us a stable majority. They made a calm judgment to let us steer the nation's vital course in the 1990s." He added that today his party

would begin consulting with the Socialists on steering the nation. Socialist Party Chairwoman Takako Doi vowed to pursue her party's effort to repeal the sales

"Our purpose was to reduce the Liberal Democrats' strength as much as possible," she said. "But we'll carry out what we promised during the campaigns, in cooperation with other opposition parties."

Later, in a nationally televised interview in which she termed the election a people's referendum

on the levy, she said: "Unfortunately, the results showed that in a sense we have not obtained a majority toward

abolishing the tax." Ichiro Ozawa, secretary-gener-Comoro elections scrapped

those supporting Djohar stamped

with one that washed off, permit-

ting them to vote again, the sources said. Elections became necessary when President Ahmed Abdallah Abderrahmane was shot and killed Nov. 26 in a dispute with French mercenary Bob Denard.

who commanded the Europeanofficered presidential guard. Djohar, chief justice of the supreme court, became interim president in line with the country's constitution. He had called

resistance forces and Hun Sen are

radio commented Monday.

problem quickly.

kok Monday.

independents.

from the chamber.

very far apart," the Guerrilla

"Therefore, one cannot hope

Heng Samrin's speech man-

gurating a school was carried in a

broadcast over Phnom Penh

radio. The text was seen in Bang-

He said that dismantling his

government would cause "unpre-

conservatives hold 148 seats, the

Socialists 128 and the Commun-

ists 21. Three seats belong to

Sartzetakis who is also ex-

pected to run unopposed in the

next two rounds of balloting re-

ceived 151 votes and new Demo-

cracy's 148 deputies abstained.

One parliamentarian was absent

dictable confusion and unrest

to solve the complex Cambodian

for balloting Sunday and runoff elections a week later if needed. Cambodian leaders squabble

> a more conservative administra-The rally was held in the plaza of the revolution, named for the 1979 popular uprising that ousted the Somoza family dynasty and

The U.S.-backed coalition is the strongest rival to the Sandinistas in the Feb. 25 general elections, but most public opinion polls show it lagging behind the

About 1.7 million of Nicar-

The Sandinistas hold their final rally in Managua Wednesday. International observers were out in force throughout Managua. More than 1,000 of them have been accredited.

around the city to prevent disturbances.

### Nicaraguan opposition rally draws thousands

MANAGUA, (AP) — Tens of thousands of opposition supporters streamed into a square Sunday for a final rally before next week's elections, when they hope Monday. to end the leftist Sandinistas' de-

Public transportation in the greater Managua area was scarce perhaps in an attempt to diminish attendance at the rally held by United National Opposition, 14-party opposition bloc.

cade in power.

There were unconfirmed reports of authorities stopping an opposition caravan from leaving the northern town of Matagalpa on its way to Managua, and of police not allowing trucks carrying opposition supporters to enter the capital.

Both complaints were broadcasted on radio corporation, one of 11 radio stations nationwide transmitting in tandem for the rally. The Sandinista government controls the majority of Nicaraguan radio stations.

However, dozens of trucks from outlying districts began arriving in Managua at dawn and continued to arrive in at midmorning, jamming some of the main avenues.

Young women wearing United National Opposition t-shirts clustered at street corners to hand out the alliance's blue-and-white

plastic flags to passing motorists. "What do the people want?" the young women asked, and supporters in passing trucks answered: "for the (Sandinista) front to Leave," an opposition slogan that rhymes in Spanish. Violeta Barrios de Chamorro,

the United National Opposition's presidential candidate, is challenging President Daniel Ortega for a six-year term.

Chamorro, publisher of the opposition newspaper La Prensa, was to give the address to end the opposition bloc's campaign. She promises economic recovery and

allowed the Sandinistas to take power. But the opposition has been calling it "plaza of the republic," its previous name.

ruling party.

agua's 3.8 million eligible voters have registered for the elections, which will choose a president, vice president, national assembly, 144 municipal councils and two regional councils.

Police in riot gear fanned out

# Four killed in Nepal democracy protests

KATHMANDU (R) — At least four people have died in clashes in Nepal at the start of a campaign for multi-party democracy in the Himalayan kingdom and opponents of the government have called a general strike

Undeterred by mass arrests and official warnings, supporters of banned political parties allied in the Movement for the Restoration of Democracy (MRD) fought police in towns and villages Sunday, the first day of the

north, 30 people were hurt when

truncheon-swinging police drove

back students and workers throw-

ing stones when they tried to

march on the heavily guarded

Police said five of their officers

the embassy that occurred shortly

after Cheney arrived in Manila

for talks with Philippine officials

The protesters fought back

Most of those injured outside

Clark were demonstrators, includ-

with stones after police lobbed

teargas grenades at them.

bases in this country.

across the street.

military base.

The demonstrations were the

first against the government and the kingdom's non-party political system for 11 years.

Witnesses said two students and a policeman died in a gunbattle in Chitwan, 150 kilometres south of Kathmandu.

State-run Radio Nepal, reporting unrest in a dozen localities, said stone-throwing demonstrators killed a policeman in Hetauda, 100 kilometres south of

All India Radio and Indian news agencies reported several more deaths but these could not

be confirmed. Witnesses said 10,000 demonstrators defied police batoncharges and tearges in Kathmandu and Radio Nepal said seven

people had been injured there. The MRD plans a two-week campaign of demonstrations with strike and school boycott Monday.

The MRD chose Sunday for its campaign launch because it was Nepal's official Democracy Day. The kingdom, an absolute monarchy, has a party-less system of elected councils from village to national level.

### Protesters disturb Cheney visit, talks with Ramos do our best efforts, that we have car as he tried to fice the attack-

MANILA, (R) — Philipine riot troops Monday exploded teargas ing policemen. The protesters had planned to to disperse hundreds of protesters hold an all-night vigil outside the outside the American embassy in air base, which Cheney is to visit Manila against the visit of U.S. Tuesday before leaving for Japan, Defence Secretary Dick Chency. last stop of his Pacific rim trip. Outside the American Clark In both demonstrations, the Air Base, 70 kilometres to the

protesters demanded the removal of U.S. military bases from the Philippines. Cheney pledged continued aid to the Philippines in a bid to

defuse diplomatic tensions Monday. Cheney met Philippine Defence Secretary Fidel Ramos for were injured in scuffles outside almost three hours to discuss the future of U.S. military bases in

on the future of U.S. military makers have called for removal of the bases or increased American compensation. The clash outside the embassy Ramos said after the talks that broke out after the protesters, he had stressed Manila's "special mostly students numbering 500, surged towards the embassy gate after holding a brief rally

interest" in U.S. compliance with its commitment of aid to the Philippines, which hosts the Clark Air Base, the Subic naval dockyard and four smaller facili-

the country. Many Manila law-

"I responded by pointing out United States our pledge was to objectives."

in fact been doing that, and will continue to try our best efforts," Cheney said in a joint news conference with Ramos.

The talks between Cheney and Ramps were held amid tight security inside the Philippine military's camp Aguinaldo headquarters. The two men met in a building that still bore signs of damage caused in December's failed coup attempt.

Dozens of students, carrying signs reading "Chency welcome to anti-bases country," hanged his effigy on a tree outside the camp's main gate and burned it while Philippine soldiers watched from a distance.

President Corazon Aquino had refused to meet Cheney after complaining that the U.S. Congress had shaved \$96 million from 1990 aid commitment totalling \$481 million for the two main

Chency admitted the 1990 aid level approved by Congress was lower than had been hoped," and I pledged to secretary Ramos that we would continue to do our best that from the standpoint of the to meet our overall goals and

### ing one who was hit by a passing Lithuania to quit Soviet Union this year — officials

VILNIUS, SOVIET UNION, (R) — Two senior Communists predict that Lithuania will proclaim its independence from the Soviet Union before the end of 1990, making it the first of Moscow's rebel republics to attempt peaceful secession.

In the latest sign of the strength of separatist feeling in the Baltic republics, Romualdas Ozalas, a member of the Lithuanian party's ruling body, said a new parliament, due to be elected Saturday. would probably take the final

Lithuanian central committee member Algimantas Cekuolis said resistance by hardliners in Moscow to demands for autonomy had pushed the republic to press for the restoration of its pre-1940 independence. An estimated 15,000 demon-

strators gathered in the Soviet. Central Asian Republic of Tajikistan in defiance of a ban on meetings imposed after riots there last week.

Tailk radio said anthorities did not try to disperse the demonstrators and the republic's leaders addressed the crowds.

All but one of the parties contesting next Saturday's Lithua-

nian elections, including the Communists, want a return to the independence that was ended after two decades by the arrival of the Red Army in 1940.

"The Lithuanian Supreme Soviet (parliament) will take the decision on independence," Ozalas said. "It will happen this year, without question. It will happen

Ceknolis Agreed. "They (the parliament) will do it and they will get away with it," he said. "What can the Kremlin do send tanks against a democratically elected parliament?"

Lawsuit against **Bowie dismissed** 

DALLAS (AP) — A fedéral judge dismissed a lawsuit against NATO membership of united judge dismissed a lawsuit against rock star David Bowie that sance suit."

#### fore starting three days of talks with the Vietnamese gov-"showed little optimism" that Vietnam would agree, the report ernment, was reported to have said he would not be concerned at

### Two killed in Kashmiri attack

SRINAGAR, India (R) — Two Kashmiris were killed when troops opened fire on a crowd attacking their convoy, the latest casualties in a month-long uprising against Indian rule, police said Monday. They said the incident happened Sunday evening in Bijbehera, the south Kashmir home town of Indian Home (Interior) Minister Mufti Mohammad Sayeed. A crowd bombard the convoy with stones as it passed through the town and the soldiers opened fire to prevent it from being overrun, police said. They said one man was killed outright and another died later in hospital. The attack coincided with the killing by a militant sniper of a para-military trooper on patrol in Srinagar, summer capital of Jammu and Kashmir state. More than 100 people have been killed in protests against Indian rule of the country's only Muslimmajority state in the latest eruption of violence led by militants wanting independence or union with Pakistan. Srinagar and other major towns in Kashmir, over which India and Pakistan have fought two of their three wars, have been under almost constant curfew since the uprising broke out last month.

Soviet envoy sees U.S. as rebel supporter

KABUL (AP) — The Soviet ambassador to Afghanistan has accused the United States and Pakistan of using Muslim guerrillas to funnel military aid to strife-torn southern Soviet republics. Ambassador Boris Pastoukhov alleged that Washington and Islamabad had created an organisation specifically to fuel the unrest.

"Relations between Britain and the United States on the issue have deteriorated since last month's Geneva conference, at which the U.S. called for the moratorium. Britain feels that countries in Southeast Asia may abandon their decade-old policy of "first asylum" for Vietnamese boat people and simply push new arrivals back out to sea."

The Indepenent reported:

The British Broadcasting Corp. (BBC) reported from Hanoi Monday that Maude said he had

made progress in his attempt to end the disagreement at his first round of talks with Vietnamese

The BBC reported Mande said earlier that an agreement was essential because it was expected that thousands more boat people would try to escape to Hong Kong over the next few months. The BBC noted reports Mon-

day of the apparent suicide in a Hong Kong detention centre of a Vientamese man who had been told he did not qualify as a

### Germany is in Moscow's interest — Western officials WASHINGTON (AP) — The that way." Baker said Sunday on

Soviet Union may ultimately accept full NATO membership for a reunified Germany because it would provide stability that is in Moscow's own interests, two top Western officials said Sunday. U.S. Secretary of State James

Baker and Manfred Woemer, secretary general of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, said they do not believe objections to full NATO memberhsip voiced by some Soviet officials are the final word.

"We're going to have to see the degree to which they really feel

ABC-TV's "This week with David Brinkley," programme. "For myself, I would tell you that I'm not so sure that they really strongly feel that way." "I think, without putting words

in the mouths of the Soviets, that they see the stability that is afforded by the continued presence of United States forces in Europe," he said. On Saturday a top adviser to

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, Valentin Falin, said in a radio interview monitored in West Berlin that if the Western

alliance insists on "NATO membership for all of Germany, then there won't be any German unification." The statement underscored

what has appeared to be a hardnening of the Soviet position against NATO membership for a United Germany and the prospects for an impasse as the two sides and the World War II allies begin discussions on reunifica-"What you see at this very

moment is a kind of tactical play, which is very natural, "Woemer said on the same programme.

### U.N. to focus on international drug fight WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF UNITED NATIONS (AP) —

A U.N. special session opens today to focus on plans to fight the drug war on all fronts: cutting supplies, reducing demand and exposing moneylaundering schemes that aid traffickers.

But while nations want to fight the drug trade, gaining the resources to do so will be a key concern at the U.N. General Assembly's four-day special session.

"The funds that we have at our disposal are extremely limited in relation to the problem," said Margaret Anstee, Director-General of the U.N. office in Vienna and coordinator of U.N. drag programmes. "In the area of drugs, we are

being asked to do much more with less." The illicit drug trade worldwide brings in an estimated \$500 billion annually, making it second only to the income of the arms trade, Anstee saids The United Nations has about

\$4 million a year to fight drug-

related problems, she added. "As people have often pointed out, that is probably less than the cost of a suitcase full of heroine at any airport in Europe," she said. Still, session delegates ex-

pect to conclude with a global drug-fighting plan, a declaration of commitment to the campaign, and measures to enhance the U.N.'s role in those efforts, U.N. officials and diplomats say.

The illicit drug trade and social problems linked to narcotics abuse plague nations rich and poor, large and small. While there is general agreement that a global attack is needed to confront the mounting problems, members of the 159-member world body plan to stress different approaches and concerns.

The United States will press for other countries, particularly in Europe, to contribute more money for the international offensive against illegal narcotics. U.S. officials see the session as an important followup to the drug summit last week in Colombia. They also plan to stress that the drug scourge is not limited to the United States and Latin American countries.

Colombia, under siege by powerful drug cartels and crippled by economic woes, seeks preferential treatment in the global marketplace so it can continue its anti-drug fight and encourage farmers to switch to producing legal crops.

Cuba wants to ensure its sovereignty is not violated by heightened law enforcement measures on drug trafficking. The Cuban-operated freigh-

ter Hermann was fired on and hit at least twice Jan. 31 by a U.S. coast guard cutter that had requested to search it for drugs. The freighter's captain refused the Gulf of Mexico search and finally reached safety in Mexican waters.

"Cuba and hopefully other countries will press for international law to be followed and

the sovereignty of nations to be respected so these are not violated under the protection of fighting narcotics trafficking," said Ricardo Alarcon de Quesada, Cuba's ambassador to the United Nations.

Bahamas, said "we as member states all have our own particular aspect of the problem that affects us most." But she said countries must

Missouri Sherman-Peter

U.N. ambassador from the

be willing to address all aspects of the problem to develop an effective, coordinated approach to deal with it. We would hate to see ourselves undertaking exten-

sive law enforcement activities outside the context of what is being done with control of supply and control of demand," the Bahamas ambassador said.

"A coherent strategy to deal: with the drug problem will look at all aspects of the problem and have it working in unison so that we can achieve

the greatest degree of success in this war against drugs." Last week, the presidents of the United States, Colombia, Bolivia and Peru signed a communique in Colombia, vowing closer coordination in the drug

world conference against illicit drug trafficking in 1991 and a "high-level" Latin American followup in six months. It also commits the U.S. government to provide economic aid to belo the three Andean nations wage the drug battle and per-. suade their farmers to grow alternate crops to the coca plant, used in producing cocaine.

The communique calls for a

The communique calls for tougher enforcement of drug laws, better exchanges of information and increased restrictions on the movement of firearms. It also asserts that the drug problem is one equally troubling to drug-producting nations and drug-consuming opes.

### Michel Drach buried

PARIS (AP) — About 200 people braved showers at the famed Pere Lachaise cemetery to attend the burial of new wave filmmaker Michel Drach, who died last week of lung cancer at the age of

Among those present included Drach's wife, actress Marie-Jose Nat, and son David, as well as Greek director Costa-Gavras and writer Gilles Perrault, whose novel 'Le Pullover Rouge' Drach adapted into a film in

Drach made his film debut in 1959 with the well-received "On n'enterre pas le dimache" and with his contemporaries Chade Chabrol and Jean-Luc Godard experimented with the new, freewheeling cinematic styles that became called new wave.

In 1974 he turned out "Les violons du bal," a dark tale based on his childhood during WWIL The 1979 hit "Le pullover rouge" turned his camera to crime in Marseille, where he made a strong case against the death penalty for the killers of a young girl-

Drach's last film, "Il est genial, papy," in 1987, featured his friend Guy Bedos, who also attended his funeral.

## Elgar works disco-

|GIGGLESWICK, ENGLAND (AP) — Several early pieces of music by Edward Elgar have been discovered in a Yorkshire town he frequently visited, a local writer said. The pieces include a trio for

victin piano and cello, a harmonisation of "Clapham Town End," a Yorkshire ballad, and a setting of a poem. "There is no great symphony, I'm afraid, no great works of art," said William Mitchell, who

acquired the manuscripts last Their significance, Mitchell said in a telephone interview, is that they are some of Elgar's earliest compositions, at a time when the composer was not well a

Elgar's later compositions incinde "The dream of Gerontius" and "Land of hope and glory," and his "Pomp and Circumstance" march which is a fixture at graduation ceremonies in U.S. high schools.

claimed he sexually assaulted a fan and told her he had AIDS after spending the night with her. Wanda Lee Nichols said that Bowie assaulted her after inviting her to his hotel room on Oct. 9 1987, during a concert tour stopover in Dallas. Bowie conceded he had spent the night with Ms. Nichols, but denied he had assaulted her. A grand jury declined to indict Bowie on Nov. 18, 1987. Ms. Nichols said she would continue to press for monetary damages despite the decision by U.S. District Judge Sam Commings Monday. Ms Nichols earlier had asked that Bowie be tested for AIDS. although her attorney said she tested negative for exposure to the virus herself. Bowie subsequently tested negative for AIDS. Attorney Daniel P. Callahan, who represented Bowie, called Ms. Nichols' action a "nui-

### Global weather

(major world cities)

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